[NUMB. 2007.]

South-Carolina

PRO PATRIA, PRO

MONDAY,

THE

GAZETTE

LEGE, PRO REGE.

JUNE 20, 1774.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, *Printer to the Honourable the* COMMONS HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY, *at his Office on the BAY, near the Exchange.*

To the Inhabitants of the Province of South-Carolina.

My dear Countrymen,

I CANNOT but hope, that the late Act for intimidating America, by the Punishment of Boston, will open your Eyes and arouse you from your Lethargy. It seems then that we are now to submit to every Imposition of our Fellow-Subjects, however arbitrary and cruel, or we are to be dragooned into it. You find the Parliament, not contented with a Claim to the Right of taxing us without our Consent, now rise higher in their Demands, and assume the Power of breaking all our Charters, giving and granting our Wharves and Shore Lands, and in short they plainly claim the Power of making the King absolute in America. I shall make a few Strictures on the Act of Parliament, and leave you to judge, whether there ever was an Act of so base and poisonous a Nature, stolen by the vilest Ministry from the most abject Senate.

It begins by setting forth the Cause of this strange and arbitrary Measure. And what is it? Why, forsooth, *because divers ill-affected Persons* had fomented and raised dangerous Commotions and Insurrections in the Town of Boston, in which Commotions and Insurrections certain valuable Cargoes of Tea had been destroyed, &c. It is not pretended, it could not be pretended, that the Town of Boston, as such, was concerned in these Riots: but some ill-minded Persons. And what is the Consequence? That grave and omnipotent Body, instead of enabling his Majesty to prosecute and bring to Justice those ill-minded Persons, proceed to pass an Act to ruin, if possible, a whole Town, and with them a whole Province; in the most cruel and unjust Manner to distress and destroy not less than 40,000 People more than can be supposed to have had a Hand in the Riot, and not only them, but virtually to confiscate, not merely the Wharves and Quays of Boston, but all the Shore Lands round that great Bay comprehended between Nahant and Alderton Points, so that the Navigation, upon which Multitudes *out* of the Town of Boston as well as *in* it must subsist, is violently taken from them. It is the Happiness of all God's Creatures that in him Omnipotence and Justice are joined. It is like to be the Curse of America, if the Parliament is allowed to be Almighty, that it has neither *Justice* nor *Mercy*. If the Parliament is to have the absolute Government of us, we have here a Specimen of what we are to expect. If a few ill-minded Persons were to take upon them to make Water against the Door of a Custom-house Officer, or of the Cellar where the Tea is lodged, upon the same Princple all in Charles-Town might be laid in Ashes.

But let us advert to the Principles of the Act.

By the first and second Clauses of it, all the Wharves, Quays, Landings and Water Lots of that great Bay between Nahant and Alderton Points, which are the Subsistance of many Thousand People, are condemned, and little better than confiscated, as no Goods are either to be landed upon them or shipped from them by any Vessel down to the Size of a common Wherry: and thus under the Penalty not merely of the Forfeiture of the Vessels and Cargoes, with the Horses, Carriages, Cattle, and every Utensil concerned in carrying Goods so landed, but of a Fine three Times the Value of such Goods at the highest Price of them, upon any Person that shall so much as aid or abet; these Fines not to be recovered in a common Court of Law, where you might have a Chance for Justice upon a Trial by Jury; but in a Court of Admiralty, *that Monster of Oppression!* where the King, who is to receive the Fine, is both Judge and Jury. Upon which Clauses I would only ask, when was the Parliament of Great-Britain vested by the Americans with a Right to their Wharves and Landings? If the Money in our Pockets is really represented in Parliament, as the Framers of the *Stamp-Act* seemed to imagine, when did ever the Americans give one Inch of their Lands into the Power of their Fellow-Subjects in England? Are our Lands then, all our Estates, nay our Peace and Life itself, to lie at the Pleasure of any Minister who is Knave enough to bribe an English Parliament?

As though this was not enough, and our Ocean itself must not be free to our Ships, by the next Clause, no Ship or Vessel of any Size is to be permitted, upon any Pretence, or any Exigency, to come into the Bay—no, not so much as to *hover off* and lie in the Ocean; a League of the Sea is abridged, not suffered to be sailed upon by Mariners—nay Vessels of any Nation coming there, tho' by Accident or Ignorance (as no sufficient Time is given to spread the Intelligence) are subjected to the Caprice of any Wretch, who commands those *worse than Spanish Guarda Costa's*, to be assigned to whatever Port he thinks fit, and, if not obeyed in *Six Hours*, to be forfeited, Cargo and all.

Dip farther into this Production of Hell—and you find, that not so much as a Wood-Boat can enter—not a Market-Boat bring a few Cabbages or Bushels of Corn to support 60,000 People, but it must first enter at Salem (20 Miles the straitest Way by Land, but by Sea a much greater Distance) to obtain *a Permit*, and even not then without an insolent Officer and armed men on board. This seems designed to starve the Town, or at least to raise the Price of Provisions, so as to force that Capital of America to yield, and by that Means to discourage all future Struggles for Liberty.

To force the Officers on the Station to be faithful, and to deter any one of them, who might otherwise listen to the native Suggestions of an English Heart—cool. Fine is imposed upon the one who shall so much as connive at the smallest Breach of the Act.

It is impossible that by the first of June, Intelligence of this Measure should have spread even through America, and yet, on that Day, all Charter-Parties are rendered void, that have been made for that Port, by which the Freighters on many Vessels must be ruined.

But to crown the Whole, my Countrymen, and to shew you what Treatment you are to expect, by tame Submission to that *many headed* Tyrant.

This Oppression is to be continued, until all the Demands of the East-India Company are satisfied, and all the imaginary Injuries received by the Commissioners in certain Times past, from the Mob, are redressed—By whom? By the Town of Boston; by the Innocent as well as the Rioters. And how? As a Town they can do nothing, unless they tax every individual Inhabitant. But when is it to be supposed that Satisfaction is made? Why, when the Governor, who, by Office, if not by Inclination, is supposed to be a meer Tool of arbitrary Power, shall be brought to certify that it is done. But suppose this Satisfaction is made, is all then over; No—they have been so kind, after this, as to subject the immense Property of so many thousand People—not to the future Adjudications of another Parliament: They supposed it possible, that another Parliament might be shocked with Horror at the Crime: They supposed that, the antient English Soul, but now fled to America, might have Fortitude to stand it out for a Time: They therefore put it out of the Power of a future Parliament, by leaving it to the King. The Minister did not choose to put the delightful Carnage out of his own Hands. That Minister, who contemptuously refused Satisfaction from the Merchants at Home, determined to keep the Matter in his own Power, thereby violating the first Rights of Englishmen, by which our Property should be sacred as well as our Lives.

But have the Parliament been content then to throw the Town of Boston wholly into the King's Hands until Satisfaction is made? No—to complete the Massacre of American Liberty, they have, in Defiance of all Law and Justice, put into the King's Power to judge and determine, *for ever hereafter*, what Use shall be made, or not be made, of those immense Estates in Water Lots which surround one of the most extensive Bays in America. They have in Effect given and granted to his Majesty all the Wharves and Landings in Boston, and around the Harbour, through Generations. For, if it must be wholly at the King's Pleasure, whether I shall make a Wharf or Landing on my Land or not, or, if I do, whether I shall make any Use of it, the Nature of the Property is wholly altered: Is that my Land which I cannot improve as I please, or on which I am not allowed to land Goods even that have paid the Duty? Shall we be thus given, by our Brethren, into the Hands of the King, to do with our Estates as he sees proper?

Compared to this Act, what are all the Claims of Parliamentary Power heretofore made? The Design of this is three-fold. 1st, To establish a Precedent of parliamentary Right even to dispose of our Lands. 2dly, To promote a new *Wharf-Office*, for the Support of a thousand more Bloodsuckers in America. And, 3dly, To give the King Power to punish, by these Wretches, any Wharfholders who shall hereafter prove patriotic, or have the Honesty to espouse the Cause of his oppressed Country. Thus you find the Property of thousands of Americans, not merely taxed by Aliens, but effectually taken out of their Hands, and every one of their Grants by which the Possessors now hold them, *the Waters, Water-Courses, Landings and every other Appurtenance*, rendered null and void. No Right is too sacred to be violated, by a Minister who has a Parliament at his Nod. What an Aspect has this upon the Landholders in America! What are you to expect from such a Precedent as this? Have not the Parliament as good a Right, to pass an Act that *Rice* and *Indico* shall be made only in such Parts of this Country as the King shall direct? For my Part, I should not be surprized even to see an Edict restricting the making of these Articles to the Colony of Georgia, and imposing heavy Fines upon those who should presume to make them here.

And all this is done against the Sanctity of a most solemn Charter, granted expresly to secure certain Rights and Privileges to a People not only beyond the Power of Parliaments, but beyond the Power of the King himself; the Crown having pledged its Faith, not to be recalled, never to violate those Privileges. And now when, upon the Faith of such solemn Agreement, a Country is subdued, and Cities built, an insolent Minister, taking Affront at the Opposition of a favourite Scheme of Oppression, shall, by a Word, overset the Whole. We are now threatened with all the Loss of the Charters in America, if we do not submit. At this Rate, what Security have we of our Lives, Liberties, and all we hold dear? Was it ever known, that the Parliament did give and grant the landed Property of any County or Town in England, into the King's Power for ever? No: This is what no Parliament ever thought it had a Right to do, even in the Country which it represents. But what they cannot do in England, they undertake to do here. Indeed, if we are to be governed by English Parliaments, we must expect, that they will lay upon us what they would not venture to lay upon their own Constituents. They have actually now voted away certain Property of Americans, which they dare not do of the English themselves. No Minister could have the Boldness to propose such a Thing with the City of London.

This, ye base Advocates for parliamentary Power in America—*this* is the blessed Fruit of your Doctrines. The Matter now speaks for itself, and it is out of your Power to disguise it. And now whether supported by *Place* or *Pension*—or only formed to slavish Principles by *Connection* and *Interest*—I call upon you to vindicate these Proceedings. It has often been to me a Wonder, that any Set of Men, who breathe American Air, can find it in their Hearts to wish America enslaved, and their Children to grow up under Chains: That any Set of Men, nourished by its Bread, and drawn from the Kennel of Obscurity, by American Bounty, should advocate the Cause of American Thraldom. I have often been astonished, that, in the midst of a free and spirited People, there should be found a Wretch so insolent, as to hold up his Head in Company, and speak against the Rights of an injured and oppressed Country. These intestine Enemies are more to be feared than the Arms of Britain herself. Mark every Man, my dear Countrymen, who on this Occasion silly attempts to divide you, or weaken your Zeal; withdraw your Countenance and Support from him, give it to those who merit it, and set him down as a Traitor.

A CAROLINIAN.

New Advertisements.

CHARLES-TOWN, *June* 13, 1774.

At a Meeting of the GENERAL COMMITTEE, this Day, it was

"UNANIMOUSLY AGREED,

"THAT a GENERAL MEETING of the Inhabitants "of this Colony be called, *on Wednesday the 6th of "July next*, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning, at the "EXCHANGE in CHARLES-TOWN; to consider of the "*Papers, Letters* and *Resolutions* transmitted to the Com- "mittee from the Northern Colonies; and also of such "Steps as are necessary to be pursued, in *Union* with the "Inhabitants of *all our Sister Colonies* on this Continent, "in order to avert the Dangers impending over *Ameri- "can Liberties* in general, by the late hostile Act of "Parliament against *Boston*, and other arbitrary Mea- "sures of the *British* Ministry: And,

"That PUBLIC NOTICE thereof be immediately "given, in the GAZETTES."

ALL the Members of the CHARLES TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY are desired to attend a GENERAL MEETING of the said Society, on *Wednesday July 6th*, 1774, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, in the *Library Room*. *By Order of the President*,

JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary*.

TO BE SOLD,

On MONDAY *the 27th Day of* JUNE *Instant*, *On Mr.* GRAME's *Wharf, opposite to Mr.* WELLS's, *On the* BAY,

A SMALL CARGO

Of about SIXTY

VERY LIKELY HEALTHY

NEGROES,

JUST arrived in the Sloop *Fanny*, Capt. *John Stanton*, after a short Passage directly from the *Gold-Coast* of *Africa*.

LEVINUS CLARKSON.

NEWPORT (*Rhode-Island*) MAY 16.

THE act Parliament for blockading the harbour of Boston, in order to reduce its inhabitants to the moſt ſervile and mean compliances ever attempted to be impoſed on a free people, is infinitely more alarming and dangerous to our common liberties, that even that hydra the Stamp-Act (which was defeated by our firmneſs and union) and muſt be read with a glowing indignation by every real friend of freedom, in Europe and America.—Though the town of Boſton is now intended to be made a victim to miniſterial wrath; yet the inſult and indignity offered to our virtuous brethren in that capital, who have ſo nobly ſtood as a barrier againſt ſlavery, ought to be viewed in the ſame odious light, as a direct hoſtile invaſion of every province on the continent, whoſe inhabitants are now called upon, by intereſt, honour and humanity, to ſtand forth with firmneſs and unanimity for the relief, ſupport and animation, of our brethren in the inſulted beſieged capital of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.——The Generals of deſpotiſm are now drawing the lines of circumvallation around our bulwarks of liberty, and nothing but unity, reſolution and perſeverance, can ſave curſelves and poſterity from what is worſe than death—SLAVERY.

BOSTON, MAY 19.

On Wedneſday laſt the freeholders and other inhabitants of this town met again at Faneuil-hall, by adjournment; and the committee which had been appointed on the preceding Friday to receive and conſider of propoſals for the employment of ſuch as will be ſufferers by the operation of the *cruel* edict of the Britiſh parliament, reported that ſeveral judicious propoſals had been made, and that they conceived that ways and means would be found for the relief of ſuch inhabitants in the time of diſtreſs. They recommended to their fellow citizens, patience, fortitude, and a firm truſt in GOD, and deſired further time to agree upon a report.—The meeting was therefore adjourned to Monday the 31ſt inſtant at ten o'clock in the forenoon; by which time it is expected we ſhall have encouraging news from ſome of the Siſter Colonies.

Previous to the adjournment, the town thought it their duty to paſs the following VOTES, viz.

1ſt. That the trade of the town of Boſton has been one eſſential link in that vaſt chain of commerce, which, in the courſe of a few ages, has raiſed New-England to be what it is, the Southern provinces to be what they are, the Weſt-India Iſlands to their wealth, and, in one word, the Britiſh empire

adly. That the impolicy, injuſtice, inhumanity and cruelty of the act aforeſaid, exceed all our powers of expreſſion. We therefore leave it to the cenſure of *others*, and appeal to GOD and the world.

While the town was in meeting on Wedneſday laſt, a letter was brought from James Boies, of the town of Milton in the neighbourhood of Boſton; in which that gentleman, for the encouragement and relief of the town, freely and generouſly offered the uſe of his Slitting Mills, with all its utenſils gratis, ſo long as the harbour ſhall remain ſhut up; the mill to be left in the like good repair as it is at this time. The town voted thanks to Mr. Boies for this kind offer.

It is ſaid that a ſtock of three or four hundred pounds will be ſufficient to keep this mill going; in conſequence of which many hands may be employed in making of nails.

We have the pleaſure to inform our readers, that the inhabitants of the town of Providence in the colony of Rhode-Iſland, at a meeting on Tueſday laſt, paſſed among others the following reſolutions, nem. con. viz.

"That the committee of correſpondence of the town, be deſired to inform the town of Boſton, that we do not conſider ourſelves *diſintereſted* in the preſent alarming conduct of the Britiſh parliament towards *them*; but view *the whole* of the American colonies *equally* concerned in the event: And that we will with the utmoſt firmneſs act accordingly, whenever any plan ſhall be agreed upon.—And in the mean time we are of opinion, that an univerſal ſtoppage of all trade with Great-Britain, Ireland, the Coaſt of Africa and the Weſt-Indies, until the port of Boſton ſhall be reinſtated to its former privileges, will be the beſt expedient. And further that a proper time ſhould be agreed on for the ſame univerſally to take place."

The town of Newbury-Port propoſes "*from and after the fourteenth of June next.*"

Notwithſtanding reports to the contrary, we are well informed that this people have many friends in England, who are determined to do all in their power for the good of this country.

It is reported that Col. Leſlie will be appointed Lieut. Governor of this province.

A correſpondent from Cumberland, in Nova-Scotia, informs us, that it was reported there "that the Tea-ſhip from London, bound to Halifax, was loſt on the Iſle of Sable, and every ſoul on board periſhed." This may probably be the ſhip Adamant, Capt. ————, in the trade between London and Halifax, which has been ſome time miſſing.

MAY 23.

Tueſday laſt (agreeable to the advice of his Majeſty's Council) the troop of horſe guards commanded by Col. Phipps, the Governor's company of cadets led by Lieut. Col. Coffin, the train of artillery under the command of Major Paddock, the grenadiers commanded by Lieut. Peirce, and the ſeveral companies of militia, under Col. Erving, were muſtered to receive his Excellency General Gage, appointed to the government of this province. At eleven o'clock his Excellency left the Caſtle under a diſcharge of the cannon of that fortreſs, and proceeded on board his Majeſty's ſhip Captain, having previouſly given notice of his intention to land at the Long-wharf: At twelve the Hon. his Majeſty's Council, the Hon. Secretary, Magiſtrates, High Sheriff, Marſhal of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, Selectmen, and a number of other gentlemen, received his Excellency (who was accompanied by Col. Leſlie and ſeveral other officers) as he landed, upon the diſcharge of cannon from the Admiral's ſhip, and the north and ſouth batteries; and preceded by the company of cadets, with their band of muſic, eſcorted him up the wharf, and through King-ſtreet, where the different corps were drawn up, and his Excellency received the ſtanding ſalutes of the reſpective officers as he paſſed them.—After his arrival at the Council Chamber, his Majeſty's commiſſion, appointing him Captain-General and Governor in chief of this province, and Vice-Admiral of the ſame, were read, and the uſual oaths were adminiſtered by the Preſident of the Council; his Excellency was then pleaſed to iſſue a proclamation requiring all officers whoſe commiſſions would otherwiſe ceaſe and determine, to continue in the exerciſe of their reſpective commiſſions until further orders. Three vollies were then fired, and three cheers given by a vaſt concourſe of people collected on this occaſion.

After his Excellency had received the compliments of his Majeſty's Council, the gentlemen in the commiſſion of the peace, the epiſcopal and diſſenting clergy, military officers, and a great number of other gentlemen attending, he proceeded (eſcorted by the company of cadets) to Faneuil-Hall, where an elegant dinner was provided for his welcome reception.

We hear that Capt. Calef, in the ſhip London, bound for and owned in London, will ſoon ſail for that port in ballaſt.

We cannot but gratefully acknowledge the generous and brotherly Interpoſition of our Brethern of the other Colonies on the preſent deſperate attack of the Britiſh Parliament on the town of Boſton: among our warmeſt friends we are happy to enumerate the reſpectable inhabitants of the towns of New-York, Hartford, Newport, Portſmouth, and Weſterly, who have thus early aſſured us of their readineſs to unite in every meaſure of ſelf-denial and hazard to extricate themſelves as well as us from impending ſlavery.

A letter from the committee of correſpondence at Weſterly in Rhode-Iſland Colony, dated May 19, 1774, ſays, "That with mingled concern and indignation they have ſeen an act for blocking up the harbour of Boſton."—That "this horrid attack upon the town of Boſton, they conſider not an attack upon that town ſingly, but upon the whole continent. And are therefore determined to uſe their whole influence for the ſupport of the town of Boſton, in the ſame manner as if the attack had been made in the metropolis of that colony. And they doubt not but the other Colonies will conſider this arbitrary and tyrannical edict in the ſame light, and heartily unite with the friends of liberty in Boſton in ſupport of the common cauſe."

It may be depended upon that Mr. William Jones of Briſtol, intending this ſummer for Boſton, engaged a ſhip, and went down to the manufacturing towns to engage a cargo for her to bring out with him; and on his return homewards he met with the Boſton Port Bill, which influenced him at conſiderable expence to contradict all orders. Theſe diſappointments, with the many countermands and other letters declarative of the preſent Diſpoſition of the coloniſts in general, muſt throw the manufacturers into a worſe conſternation than any thing of the kind that has ever yet happened; as all ranks and degrees of men can now plainly perceive the deſign of adminiſtration.

At a town meeting legally called, and held at Newport, in the colony of Rhode-Iſland, the 20th Day of May, 1774.

VOTED, That we have the deepeſt ſenſe of the injuries done to the town of Boſton by the act of Parliament lately paſſed for putting an end to their trade and deſtroying the port; and that we conſider this attack upon them as utterly ſubverſive of American liberty: For the ſame power may at pleaſure deſtroy the trade, and ſhut up the ports of every other colony in its turn, ſo that there will be a total end of all property.

VOTED, That we will unite with the other colonies in all reaſonable and proper meaſures, to procure the eſtabliſhment of the rights of the colonies upon a juſt and permanent Foundation; and particularly in caſe the other colonies ſhall upon this moſt alarming occaſion put a ſtop to their trade to Great-Britain and the Weſt-India iſlands that we will heartily join with them in the meaſure.

VOTED, That the committee of correſpondence for the town immediately tranſmit a copy of theſe reſolutions to the committee of correſpondence for the town of Boſton.

VOTED, That the committee of correſpondence for this town, immediately ſend a copy of the above reſolutions to each town in this colony. A true copy,

WILLIAM COBBINGTON, Town-Clerk.

MAY 26.

Yeſterday, being the anniverſary appointed by the Royal charter for the election of his Majeſty's counſellors of the province, the Great and General Court or Aſſembly of the Province met at the State-houſe in this Town: After the uſual oaths were adminiſtred to the gentlemen who were returned to ſerve as members of the honourable houſe of repreſentatives, and the declaration ſubſcribed by them they elected the Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, Eſq; for their ſpeaker, who being preſented to his Excellency the Governor for his approbation, according to the direction of the Royal explanatory charter, his Excellency was pleaſed to ſend a meſſage in writing to the houſe, ſignifying his approbation of ſaid election: The houſe then made choice of Mr. SAMUEL ADAMS for their clerk.—After which the Governor, and Council for the laſt year, with the honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives, were attended to the Old Brick Meeting-houſe by his Excellency's company of Cadets, where a very excellent diſcouſe was preached by the Revd. GAD HITCHCOCK, of Pembroke, from theſe words in the Proverbs, ch. xxix. v. 2. *When the righteous are in authority, the people rejoice; but when the wicked bear rule, the people mourn.* After ſermon the company Cadets, with their band of muſic, eſcorted his Excellency Gov. GAGE, accompanied by the Secretary, High Sheriff, members of his Majeſty's Council and Houſe of Repreſentatives, the officers of the troop of horſe, company of artillery, grenadiers, and other militia officers, with a large number of the clergy and other gentlemen, to Faneuil-hall, where an elegant entertainment was provided. After dinner many loyal toaſts were drank.

At noon the guns at the batteries were fired, and at one o'clock thoſe of his Majeſty's ſhips in the harbour.

This day his Excellency was pleaſed to make the following SPEECH to both Houſes.

Gentlemen of the Council, and
Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

HIS Majeſty having been pleaſed to appoint me Governor and Captain General of his province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, and my commiſſions having been read and publiſhed, I have met you for the election of counſellors for the enſuing year; on which buſineſs you have been convened agreeably to the charter. And as that work is finiſhed, you will proceed as you ſhall judge fit, to the conſideration of ſuch other matters as may properly come before you, and that you judge ought to be entered upon previous to the firſt of next month. And you will be aſſured that I ſhall with pleaſure concur with you to the utmoſt of my power, in all matters, that may tend to the welfare and proſperity of the province.

I make mention of the firſt of next month, becauſe I have the King's particular commands for holding the General Court at Salem from that Day, until His Majeſty ſhall have ſignified his Royal will and pleaſure for holding it again in Boſton.

The honour of my appointment to the command of this government being ſo lately conferred, and the time ſince I took it upon me ſo very ſhort, I have not at preſent any matter to lay before you, farther to acquaint you, that the provincial treaſurer having informed me, that ſufficient proviſion is made for the redemption of the government ſecurities that are now, and will become due in June 1775, you will have no other burden upon you but to ſupply the treaſury for the ſupport of government for the enſuing year.

T. GAGE.

COUNCIL-CHAMBER, *May 26th*, 1774.

The following is a PROTEST of the Merchants and Traders of this town, unanimouſly voted at a very full meeting the 24th inſtant, viz.

"WHEREAS a paper called an addreſs to governor Hutchinſon, has been handed about and ſigned in a private manner by ſundry perſons, who it is ſaid ſtile themſelves Merchants, Traders and others of the town of Boſton; and whereas the Merchants and Traders duly notified and met, having been refuſed a copy of ſaid paper, although requeſted by their committee, and apprehending ſaid addreſs is intended to juſtify the adminiſtration of Mr. Hutchinſon when governor of this province; we hereby utterly diſclaim ſaid addreſs, and diſavow a meaſure ſo clandeſtinely conducted, and ſo injurious in its tendency." *

NEW-YORK, MAY 19.

At a very general meeting of the inhabitants of this city, on Monday laſt, a body of fifty reſpectable gentlemen were appointed by the public voice, to be a ſtanding committee for the important and ſalutary purpoſes, of keeping up a correſpondence with our ſiſter colonies, and in conjunction with them, purſuing in the preſent important criſis, ſuch judicious and conſtitutional meaſures, as ſhould appear to be neceſſary for the preſervation of our juſt rights—the maintainance of the public peace—and the ſupport of that general union, which at this time in particular, is ſo abſolutely requiſite to be preſerved throughout the continent.

MAY 26.

In conſequence of the advertiſement inſerted in our laſt week's paper, a great concourſe of the inhabitants met at the Coffee houſe on Thurſday laſt, to confirm or alter the nomination of a committee to correſpond with our ſiſter colonies, when Mr. Iſaac Low, addreſſed his fellow-citizens in the following words:

GENTLEMEN,

YOU have been duly apprized both by hand-bills and advertiſements in this day's papers of the intention of your preſent meeting.

I hope, gentlemen, you will manifeſt by your conduct that you are actuated by the dictates of calm reaſon only, in the choice of the committee I am to propoſe for your approbation.

It is but charitable to ſuppoſe we all mean the ſame thing, and that the only difference amongſt us is, or at leaſt ought to be, the mode of effecting it. I mean the preſervation of our juſt rights and liberties.

Let us then call down wiſdom to our aid, and endeavour to walk in her hallowed paths.

Zeal in a good cauſe is moſt laudable; but when it tranſports beyond the bounds of reaſon it often leaves room for bitter reflection.

We ought therefore, gentlemen, to baniſh from our hearts all little party diſtinctions, feuds and animoſities,—for to our unanimity and virtue we muſt at laſt recur for ſafety; and that man will approve himſelf the beſt friend to his country whoſe higheſt emulation is to inculcate thoſe principles both by precept and example.

The following are the names of the committee of correſpondence.

John Aſlop, William Bayard, Theophylact Bache, Peter V. B. Livingſton, Iſaac Sears, David Johnſton, Charles M'Evers, Charles Nicholl, Alexander M'Dougall, Capt. Thomas Randall, John Moore, Iſaac Low, Leonard Liſpenard, Jacobus Van Zandt, James Duane, Edward Laight, Thomas Pearſall, Elias Deſbroſſes, William Walton, Richard Yates, John De Lancey, Miles Sherbrook, John Thurman, John Broome, John Jay, Benjamin Booth, Joſeph Hallet, Charles Shaw, Alexander Wallace, James Jauncey, Gabriel H. Ludlow, Nicholas Hoffman, Abraham Walton, Gerardus Duyckinck, Peter Van Schauck, Henry Remſen, Hamilton Young, George Bowne, Peter T. Curtenius. Peter Goelet, Abraham P. Lott, David Van Horne, Gerardus W. Beekman, Abraham Duryee, Joſeph Bull, William M'Adam, Richard Sharpe, Thomas Marſton, Francis Lewis, added, nem. con. May 19th.

On Monday laſt the abovementioned committee met and proceeded upon buſineſs; they read a letter from the inhabitants of the city of Philadelphia, and another, brought by Mr. Reviere, from the committee at Boſton, choſe Mr. Iſaac Low, their chairman, and appointed a committee, conſiſting of Meſſrs. M'Dougall, Low, Duane, and Jay, to anſwer the letters that had come to their

* *The Addreſs here refered to, was afterwards publiſhed—and may be ſeen in the Poſtſcript to this Day's Gazette.*

hands. The anſwer to the gentlemen of Boſton was nearly in uniſon with that which was ſent to them from Philadelphia.

SALEM, MAY 24.

We have juſt heard that the town of Marblehead have unanimouſly agreed to join the GRAND UNION now forming for the ſalvation of AMERICAN LIBERTY. Their meeting was opened with an excellent prayer by the Rev. Mr. Whitwell.

A copy of an addreſs from ſundry perſons in Boſton to Governor Hutchinſon, being read at the meeting in Marblehead, and containing matters that appeared to the inhabitants palpably abſurd, was honoured with a *general hiſs*.

Laſt Tueſday, the inhabitants of this town, at a very full meeting, almoſt unanimouſly adopted the vote of the town of Boſton, (inſerted in our laſt) with reſpect to the expediency of a joint reſolution of all the Colonies in ſtopping all importations from, and exportations to, Great-Britain and every part of the Weſt-Indies, until the act for blocking up the harbour of Boſton ſhall be recalled.

The officers of the cuſtoms for the port of Boſton are to remove to Plymouth, and none of them be permitted to remain in the town or harbour of Boſton from and after the 1ſt of June, during the continuance of the act for blocking up ſaid harbour.

MAY 31.

Saturday laſt his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to adjourn the General Court to the 7th of June next, then to meet in this town.

CHARLES-TOWN, JUNE 20.

WE have the pleaſure to acquaint the *Friends of conſtitutional Liberty*, that the *Spirit* of *true* PATRIOTISM has not been *extinguiſhed* in NEW ENGLAND, by the *Boſton-Port Bill*, or the Arrival of his Excellency General GAGE; but that it appears to have received *new Life* and *Vigour* there, as well as in the other Northern Colonies—and that even in this Province, ſo very differently circumſtanced from the Reſt, the People *in general* are diſpoſed to ſacrifice nobly to the Common Cauſe, and to UNITE in any practicable Plan, that can be generally adopted, for ſecuring and preſerving the *unalienable* Rights and Privileges of the *Britiſh Coloniſts*.

Altho' certain *Agents, Adherents, Relations, Dependants*, &c. have, by their unwearied Aſſiduities, &c. been able to procure a *recommendatory Addreſs* to be ſigned by 225 Inhabitants of the Town of *Boſton*, to Gov. *Hutchinſon*, (who, being a Native of that populous Town, and having lived in it to an advanced Age, cloathed with Power, may naturally be ſuppoſed to have ſome)—yet the *Senſe of the People* appears to be the very *Reverſe*, of what is expreſſed in that Addreſs, if there is any Propriety in judging from *their* having *re elected* almoſt all the *former Repreſentatives*, and re-choſen the Hon. *Thomas Cuſhing*, for their Speaker, and Mr. *Adams* for their Clerk: Beſides their Governor having thought proper to negative *thirteen* of the new-elected Council.—"FACTS *are ſtubborn Things*."

Letters from the Southern Parts of North-Carolina aſſure us, that the Inhabitants there will go as far in Defence of American Liberty as can be expected—and recommend, if a Congreſs ſhould be deemed the firſt ſtep neceſſary to be taken, that Subſcriptions, or rather Collections, be ſet on Foot throughout the Continent, to raiſe and remit a Sum of Money to the Community in Boſton, for the Relief of the moſt Diſtreſſed of our *ſuffering Brethren* there, who muſt ſtand in equal Need of ſuch Aſſiſtance, as if their Town had been deſtroyed by Fire.—And we have the Pleaſure to learn, that the Inhabitants of this Province, generally, ſeem ready to contribute their Mite, as ſoon as proper Perſons are named to receive what their benevolent Hearts ſhall induce them to offer.

On Tueſday laſt died, Mr. Paul Villepontoux, Gunner of Fort-Johnſon.

The Sloop St. John, George Brown, Maſter, from New-York, bound for Georgia, put into Bull's-Iſland Inlet laſt Friday, and paſſed by our Bar this Morning.

Yeſterday Morning the Hon. Sir Egerton Leigh, Bart. Attorney-General, and Preſident of His Majeſty's Council in this Province, &c. with his two youngeſt Daughters, embarked for Rhode-Iſland, in the Sloop Betſy, Capt. Toman, intending to take Paſſage for England in the firſt Packet-Boat from New-York.

The Scooner Harriot, Capt. Bachop, in ſailing down towards the Bar Yeſterday, proceeding on a Voyage to St. Auguſtine, was ſtruck with Lightning, and obliged to put back. The Main-maſt and Main-top-maſt were ſhivered all to Splinters, 12 fine Sheep out of 24 were killed on the Spot, the Captain, Paſſengers, and every Perſon upon Deck ſtruck down, but not otherwiſe hurt—and no Body eſcaped a Shock beſides two Men who were ſtowing Things away in the Hold.

The Tartar Frigate from Virginia, the Savage Sloop, and St. Lawrence armed Scooner, from the Bahama Station, are all ſailed for Boſton.

The Creek Nation, we hear, to evince their peaceable Diſpoſition towards us, and their Diſapprobation of the late Murder, have already taken Six of the Murderers, with an Intent to deliver them up to Sir James Wright, Bart. Governor of Georgia.

Price of Rice 50*s.* per 100*lb*—Quantity cleared from this Port, 80,502 Tierces.

Timothy's Marine Liſt.

June	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
14*th.*	Sloop Phœbe, Benjamin Kemp,	Providence
15*th.*	Brigt. Amphitrite, John Moncrieff,	Jamaica
	Scooner Hawke, Luke Swaine,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Fanny, John Stenton,	Africa
	Sloop Hawk, William Richan,	Tobago
	Sloop Betſy, John Bethune,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Antigua
16*th.*	Scooner Defiance, George Phillips,	Georgia
17*th.*	Scooner Sunbury Packet, Jer. Dickinſon,	Georgia
	Sloop Betſy, Joſeph Adams,	Monſerat
	Scooner Betſy & Polly, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
20*th.*	Brigt. Cumberland, Edward Bryant,	Grenada
	Brigt. Liberty, Stephen Seymour,	St Kitts
	Scooner Hawke, Elias Ellery,	Virginia
	Scooner Betſy, Simon Forreſter,	Salem
May	Sailed.	*For*
14*th.*	Scooner Favourite, Samuel Lightbourn,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Speedwell, John Naſh,	Rhode Iſland
	Sloop Dolphin, Daniel Wilmot,	Providence
16*th.*	Sloop Suky & Nancy, Tho. Newbold,	Barbados
	Sloop Seaflower, John Palmer,	Falmouth
	Scooner Katy & Mary, William Stone,	Georgia
19*th.*	Brigt. Friendſhips, James Meaden,	George-Town
	Sloop Betſy, John Toman,	Rhode-Iſland
20*th.*	Scooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Scooner Suky & Katy, Charles Dawſon,	Georgia
	Sloop Betſy, Joſeph Adams,	Georgia
	Remain windbound or cleared,	*For*
	Scooner Betſy, Thomas Ellis,	Providence
	Scooner Roſe, Henry Ogilvie,	New-York
	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Scooner Sunbury Packet, Jer. Dickinſon,	Georgia
	Scooner Defiance, George Phillips,	Georgia
	Sloop Jenny, William Trounce,	Hiſpaniola
	May ſail betwixt this and our next.	
	Ship Stag, Robert Cook,	London
	Ship Unity, Robert Norris,	Liverpoole
	Ship Maria, James Dyſon,	Cowes
	Snow Nancy, John Threſher,	Cowes
	Brigt. George, George Madgſhon,	Aveiro
	Brigt. Amphitrite, John Moncrieff,	Jamaica
	Scooner Polly, Job Pray,	Africa
	Scooner Marriot, Peter Bachop,	St. Auguſtine
	Scooner Fanny, Benjamin Barton,	Grenada
	Sloop Betſy, John Bethune,	New-York
	Sloop Little John, John Kemp, jun.	Providence
	Sloop Induſtry, William Fitzpatrick,	Penſacola
	Entered out beſides the above,	*For*
	Ship Caton, Joſeph Williams,	Liverpoole
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	Ship Sally, Iſaac Burton,	London
	Ship Polly, George Minſhal,	Cowes
	Snow Peggy, George McMin,	Liverpoole
	Brigt. Expedition, John Spence,	London
	Brigt. Ville du Cap, Alex. Hegüy,	Cape François
	Scooner Gambia Packet, Robt. Heatley,	London
	Scooner Bumper, Thomas Pearon,	Virginia
	Scooner Robert, William Mallory,	Virginia
	Sloop Paoli, John Wilkinſon,	Hiſpaniola
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, Sol. Gibbs,	St. Kitts

New Advertiſements.

Charles-Town, June 10, 1774.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the ſeveral Perſons whoſe Names are here undermentioned, that if they will call on the Subſcriber, they may receive Certificates for their reſpective Demands on the Public of this Colony.

THOMAS FARR, jun.
Clerk of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly.

JOHN Akridge, Executors of Bartholomew Gaillard, Chriſtopher Rich, and Thomas Wells, William Campbell, Robert Barnes, Joſeph Dobſon, John Hurſt, John Vauchier, Charles Harriſon, Andrew Agnew, Eſq; Elias M'Pherſon, Arthur Patton, Adrian Mayer, John Gaſton, Eſq; Daniel Stuart, Jonathan Wilkins, John Bowie, John Tygirt, William Fitzpatrick, Joſeph Howell, Robert Hutchiſon, Joſeph Jolly, James Noble, Buckner Pitman, William Owens, Thomas Roberts, James Randolph, John Cook, William Hill, William Campbell, Richard Henderſon, Chriſtian Finley, Thomas Neel, John Danner, Robert Moſes, John Caton, Henry Cever, Mathew Knight, James Harley, Daniel Mooney, Walkinſhaw Thompſon, Benjamin Webb, James Jordan, Denham Fergis, Richard Treadaway, John Smith, Richard Williams, Philemon Waters, Joſhua Loper, Samuel Dunlap, George Fogely, Robert Goodwin, Andrew Liddell, Samuel Neſmith, Gavin Pou, Eſq; James Payne, Jacob Saylor, Thomas Taylor, Henry Wyatt, Patrick Calhoun, Eſq; John Hamilton, John Jones, David Kehl, James Mayſon, William Calhoun, Robert Fiſher, Jacob Abaer, Andrew Hamilton, Juljus Holley, William M'Kinſey, Aaron Mannon, John Mills, Conſtable, Alexander M'Alpine, William Stevenſon, John Anderſon, John Dooley, Thomas Houze, Richard Kirkland, John Mayfield, Lewis Morgan, James Price, Uriah Sweazinger, Iſaac Atherly, John King, Joſhua Moore, Richard Jenkins, James Harkins, John Swertenbagh, Robert Dukes, Robert Dukes & Thomas Oglethorpe, James Owens, Thomas Hughes, John Owens, James Pierce, William Evance, John Galzer, William Gardner, Thomas Handlin, John Murrrell, William Thompſon, Conſtable, William Tyeer, John Dearington, William Jones, Thomas Hardyman & Charles Reiley, Samuel Wallace, John James, Tavern Keeper, John Alran, James Gill, Thomas Spell, Jeremiah Tilly, David Weſtcoat, Daniel Triplet, John Barlow, Edward Guphill, Daniel Marette, William Stevens, John Wilkins, Eſtate of Thomas Lane, John Allwood, Eſtate of John Dering, Mary Adamſon, Mary Merriſon, The Commander of Fort Lyttleton, Port Royal, Lewis Golſon, Robert Goodwin & Philip Pearſon, Abraham Whitworth, Egenia Virden, William Houſell, John Ruſhing, Colberd Anderſon, William Langford, William Dooley, John Hampton, William Briton, Joſeph Putney, James Stevenſon, James Hooper, Patrick Cane, Daniel Travers, Mathew Holding, John Hitchcock, William Huggins, William Dick, Daniel Bates, George Thuſton, Samuel Beeſly, Hardy Jenkins, Joſiah Boſwood, George Burrows, George Burrows, jun. Richard Dearington, Bradley Gambell, William Price, Conſtable, Samuel Reily, George Thomſon, Michael Wournell, John Shrine, Richard-Gower Dennis, Alexander Ingram, David Bruton, Joſeph Gourly, William Leſter, George Anderſon, George Beaſly, Henry Bull, Thomas Duett, Eleazer Hodges, Jacob Juline, Abel Lewis, William Newman, Daniel Jaudon.

To be SOLD,

On TUESDAY *the* 28*th of* JUNE,
At 12 *o'Clock, at the uſual Place in* Charles-Town,
Two NEGROES under Mortgage, *viz.*

A Ship Carpenter, eſteemed a good Workman and a Negro Woman, a good Waſher and Ironer.

The Conditions will be CASH.

To be Sold by public Vendue,

On Tueſday *the* 12*th of* July *next*,
At the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

ALL that PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, containing 280 Acres, late in the Poſſeſſion of Mrs. *Elizabeth Smith*, deceaſed, ſituate in *St. Andrew's* Pariſh, on the public Road leading to *Stone*, and adjoining Lands of *John Lloyd*, and *Jeremiah Savage*, Eſq'rs. The Terms of Payment will be declared at the Sale, by JOHN MATHEWES, jun.

To be Sold at public Vendue,

On Tueſday *the* 27*th of* Dec. *next*,
All the real and perſonal ESTATE
Of JOSEPH BRITTON, Eſq; deceaſed,
CONSISTING OF

SOME very valuable Tracts of Land, one of which has about 100 Acres of Land cleared, fit for Rice, Corn and Indico, ſituated on Pedee, and contains 700 Acres. *Alſo*, A Parcel of valuable SLAVES, amongſt which are, a Shoemaker and a Tanner; a Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Horſes, Sheep, Houſhold Furniture, Shoem kers, Tanners and Coopers Tools, Indico Vats, Pumps, &c. Credit will be given to the 1ſt of *January* 1776, giving approved Security, and paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make immmediate Payment; and all to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to make their Debts known and receive Payment by the 1ſt Day of *December* next, as no Debts will be paid after that Time.

ANN BRITON, *Executrix.*
DANIEL BRITTON,
FRANCIS BRITTON, } *Executors.*

To be SOLD,

On Tueſday *the* 5*th Day of* July *next*,
At the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

SUNDRY Wearing-Appare', and other Goods, late the Property of *John William Huſt*, deceaſed; all Perſons having any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted, and thoſe who are in any Ways indebted, are deſired to make immediate Payment, to

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD, *Adminiſtrator.*

To be SOLD by Auction,

On Thurſday *next the* 23*d of* JUNE *Inſtant*,
At the Vendue-Houſe *in* Charles-Town,
At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

ABOUT Twenty Puncheons of high Proof Jamaica Rum of the laſt Crop, which was intended for London and a Market, being Part of the Cargo of the Ship Sally, Iſaac Burton, Maſter, from Jamaica, and ſold to pay the Repairs of ſaid Ship.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

WHEREAS my Houſe was broke open in the Night of the 9th Inſtant, and a great Number of Things taken away, among which were a green Stone Ring ſet with ſix Diamond Sparks, a Mourning Ring, the Inſcription *Nicholas Burnham*, &c. &c. the Enamel pretty much worn out, two ſmall wrought Rings, a Pair of white Stone Ear-Rings ſet in Gold, with three Drops, a Pair of red Stone Ear Rings and Necklace, a Pair of Garnet Ear-Rings and Necklace, the Trinkets which make a Set to an Equipage, Gold inlaid, with Mother of Pearl, a very thick plain Gold Girdle Buckle, and many other Things of Jewellery; ſeveral Pair of Muſlin Ruffles, laced, worked and plain; one Pair of treble Ruffles, the Lace never waſhed; Book Muſlin and Gauze Aprons, ſome of them with Lace round; five or ſix Ivory-ſtick Fans, one of them very handſome, the Mount one Side Leather, the other very fine Paper, and the Screw ſet with purple Stones; Caps, Handkerchiefs, a Bam-Box of Ribbons; a white flowered Sattin Hat and a Chip ditto, both trimmed; a Child's yellow Ground Brocade Skirt; four Bed Covers of different coloured Linen or Callico, with white Borders, the Middle of one Patch-Work laid on white Callico; ſome new Iriſh Linen; four or five Yards of Tobine Luteſtring; a Remnant of blue and white Furniture Check; Part of a Set of Enamel Tea China, Sheets, and a great many other Things. A Reward of *Twenty Five Pounds*, will be given on Delivery of any of the Things, and a further Reward of *Fifty Pounds*, on Conviction of the Thief or Thieves, to any Perſon who will give Information.

ROBERT COCHRAN.

June 16, 1774.

RUN-AWAY, about the Sixteenth of this Month, from on Board Captain *William Harlow*'s Scooner, at *George-Town*, a likely NEGRO MAN SLAVE, named HENRY, about Twenty Years of Age; had on when he went away, a blue Great-Coat, blue Jacket, and Trowſers, blue Yarn Stockings, and a blue and white Cotton and Thread ſtriped Shirt, a flopped Hat, and a large Sore upon one of his Ancles.—Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and brings him to the Subſcriber, in *George-Town*, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, and all reaſonable Charges allowed them.

George-Town, April 27, 1774. } JOSEPH BROWN

At JACOB VALK's *Office.*

For private S A L E,

SEVERAL NEGROES,

as also several Houses and Lots in *Charles-Town*, Plantations and Numbers of Tracts of Land, Plats of which are kept in a Book for that Purpose for public Perusal.

The Terms will always be made as agreeable as possible to a Purchaser.

JACOB VALK.

N. B. Money much wanted at Interest, and all Kinds of Business transacted upon Commission.

For private S A L E,

And TO BE SOLD, a great BARGAIN,

(If Sold within a MONTH,*)*

THAT well-known valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, of 450 Acres, on *Cacaw-Swamp*, divided in two Parts by a public Drain, and to be sold separate; 190 Acres on one Side of the Drain joins Lands of *Thomas Farr*, Esq; and the Estate of *Rigdon Smith*, Esq; deceased, being Rice Land; the other 260 Acres, mostly Rice Land, and on which is the Settlement, joins Lands of Doctor *Haig*, Northward on Land lately Mr. *Thomas Elliott's*, now Mr. *Rowand's*, and on Lands of the Estate of *Thomas Hartley*, Esq; deceased; both Tracts being esteemed the best upon the Swamp. For farther Particulars, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thursday *the 7th Day of* July *next*,

At the Vendue-House in *Charles Town*,

(If not sold before that Day at ELEVEN *o'Clock)*

A Pleasant situated PLANTATION or Tract of LAND in *St. George's* Parish, between *Dorchester* and *Bacon's* Bridge, about Twenty-one Miles from Town, containing One Hundred Acres: Thirty Acres of it is cleared, and between that and Forty Acres good Rice Land; the Rest good for Corn and Indico: Also on the same an old Dwelling-House, large enough to supply Timber, &c. for the building of a new; bounding South on *Ashley-River*, and West on Ministry Land. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, apply to

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thursday *the 7th Day of* July *next*,

At the Vendue-House in *Charles-Town*,

(If not sold before that Day) at 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Five Hundred Acres or thereabouts, situated in St. *George's* Parish, about six Miles from *Dorchester*, and Twenty-six Miles from Town, joining Lands of *John Pardrian*, *Richard Saltus*, and *Moses Mitchell*, and fit for Corn, Rice, or Indico, near Half being Swamp.—The Plat may be seen, and Terms of Sale made known by

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thursday *the 7th Day of* July *next*,

At the Vendue-House in *Charles-Town*,

(If not sold before that Day at private Sale,)

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

THAT well-finished commodious, pleasant situated House in *Orange-street*, opposite the Honourable *Thomas-Knox Gordon*, Esq; consisting of six airy Rooms, Kitchen, Fowl-House, and good Cellar: The Lot contains Forty-two Feet in Front of the said Street, and One Hundred Feet in Depth.

Produce of this Country will be taken in Payment, at the Price shall be that Day: Or, any Person inclinable to treat by *private Contract*, shall upon Application, find the Terms will be made very agreeable to a Purchaser, by

JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD,

At Mr. PIKE's LONG-ROOM,

By public O U T C R Y,

On TUESDAY *the 12th Day of* JULY *next*,

At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

THE remaining Part of the Effects of Mr. THOMAS PIKE, consisting of three large Chandeliers, a few Globe Lamps and Irons, two *Bath* Stoves and Fenders, &c. &c. a Spinnet, which could not be sold before, as he was under a Contract with the ST. CECILIA SOCIETY, for the Use of them.

Also, A Share in the LIBRARY SOCIETY.

Likewise, Three Tracts of Land, containing Two of Two Hundred Acres each, and One of Fifty, joining each other; situated near *Ninety-Six*, bounding on Lands of *William Savage*, Esq.

The Conditions of the Sale is, Cash upon Delivery of the Titles, in order to hasten the Settlement with his Creditors, who may by the 20th Day of *July* next; receive a second Dividend; and those concerned, are desired to take Notice, that all Accounts unsettled, due to Mr. PIKE, will that Day be put in the Hands of an Attorney to be sued for without Distinction.

For the Assignees of Mr. THOMAS PIKE,

JACOB VALK.

ALL Persons to whom *George Mullins*, deceased, is indebted, are particularly desired to send in their Accounts attested, as soon as possible, to Mr. *Jacob Valk*; as likewise those that are indebted, to make immediate Payment to the said Mr. *Valk*, he being properly authorized by me to settle the Affairs of this Estate. ROBERT CAITELL, *Executor.*

May 6, 1774.

For Sale, by private Contract,

A New, commodious, airy, and pleasant-situated HOUSE, in *Meeting-street*, opposite to *Hopkin Price*, Esquire, Two Rooms on a Floor, two Stories high, with Kitchen, Chair-House, and Stable for two Horses, with other Conveniencies.—For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Pleasant situated Lot of Land upon *New Church-street Continued*, lately belonging to THOMAS MIDDLETON, Esq; deceased, containing in Front 67 Feet 6 Inches, and in Depth upon the Canal leading from the Bridge to the Flood Gate 362 Feet 8 Inches, with a good Dwelling-House, and Summer House on it. Two Years Credit will be allowed, giving Bond and paying Interest, with Security if required.

JACOB VALK.

CHARLES-TOWN, *May 26th*, 1774.

THE Subscriber being under a Necessity of closing his Concerns, hath put all his Affairs into the Hands of Mr. JACOB VALK, with full Power to have them settled, and with further Instructions to commit those to the Care of an Attorney at Law, in which his own Application proves ineffectual, on or before the 12th day of JUNE next, whereof he hopes every one concerned will take due Notice.

JOHN DELAHOWE.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

At the usual Place in Charles-Town,

On Thursday *the 7th of* JULY *next*,

At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

Being Part of the Estate of Mr. George Mullins, *deceased*,

A Very valuable Tract of LAND, containing 500 Acres, situate on the North-Side of *Savannah-River*, about 12 Miles from *Savannah-Town*, joining Lands of *Patrick Mackay*, Esq; and Mr. *James Stobo*; 496 Acres of which is Rice Swamp, equal, if not superior to any in the Province; the other, four Acres, is a Knowle of high Land, just fit for the necessary Buildings; a Creek commonly called *Mackay's Creek*, runs through the Middle, at any Part of which the largest Scooner may load as the Tide flows there very strong, and may be very easily dammed in, as it is not so much in Danger of the Freshes, being two Miles from the River. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, apply to JACOB VALK.

For the Executor.

For private S A L E,

A Very valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 1000 Acres in *Amelia-Township*, within two Miles of Col. *Thomson's*, and about 100 from Town; on which is a Dwelling-House, 40 Feet by 20, framed, but not finished, with Indico Vats, and Provision enough planted for next Year; the Land is very high, and inferior to none in the Province for Indico, with Plenty of Oak and Hickory, and a good Fence all round it:

Together with, Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of Pine-Barren, within a Mile and a Half of the above, which it can not do well without.

Also, Twelve Hundred Acres in the Fork of the *Congaree* and *Wateree* Rivers, near *M'Cord's-Ferry*, and about five Miles from Col. *Thomson's*, on which is a tolerable good House and other Buildings, 500 Acres of which is excellent high Swamp, has been settled some Years, and is expected to have a very great Surplus.

Two Hundred Acres upon *Wateree-River*, very pleasant and healthy, situated upon a Bluff, being all Oak and Hickory, and nearly adjoining Lands of Mr. *Peter Leger*.

Likewise, A very valuable Tract of Land, containing 1600 Acres, situated at *Saltketchers*, 12 Miles from the Landing; 600 Acres is fine Rice Swamp, 600 Pine, and 400 good Oak and Hickory has been settled, but no Buildings on it. Plats may be seen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to

JACOB VALK.

For S A L E,

THREE small Tenements in *Allen-Street*, commonly called *Dutch-Church-Alley*, at so low a Price as SEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS Currency, each Tenement. Credit may be had upon good Security.

A L S O,

Several NEGROES,

Of different Qualifications.

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Very valuable Plantation or Tract of Land in *Prince-William's* Parish, containing 1076 Acres, 150 of which is cleared, exceeding good for Corn, Rice, or Indico, situated three Miles from Stony-Creek or Pocotaligo, joining Lands of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Stephen Bull of Sheldon, Esq; John Izard, Esq; Mr. Bryan, and Mr. Deveaux. The Terms will be made agreeable to the Purchaser.

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Valuable Lot of Land in *King-street*, opposite where the *Old Jail* was, running through from the said Street into *Orange street* 200 Feet in Depth, and in Front of either Street 20 Feet, on which here is a very good Dwelling House (a Brick House) two Stories high, with other Conveniencies. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be LETT *on* LEASE, *or To be* SOLD, *a* BARGAIN,

THAT very pleasant and well-situated Place *Up-the-Path*, opposite *New-Market*, late the Property of *Francis Perry*, deceased, containing four Acres and a Quarter, more or less; on which is a convenient well built Dwelling-House, with a Piazza, Kitchen, Stables, and Chair-House, exceedingly well calculated for a Country Retreat, has a good Prospect, is very airy, and an agreeable Distance from the Road. The Purchaser may have One, Two, Three, or more Years Credit, paying Interest, with approved Security. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

At the Plantation of the late John Filbin, *deceased*, at GOOSE-CREEK,

On FRIDAY *the First of* JULY *next*,

If a fair Day, if not, on the first fair Day after,

FORTY-THREE NEGROES, belonging to the said Estate. Credit will be given to the 1st of *June* 1775, paying Interest, and giving approved Security; the Property not to be altered until the Conditions are complied with. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock.

ELIZABETH FILBIN, *Executrix.*

To be SOLD *at public Sale*,

At the VENDUE-HOUSE,

On *Tuesday* the 5th Day of *July* next,

At TWELVE o'Clock at Noon,

A SHARE IN THE

Charles-Town Library Society,

Which belonged to the late Dr. THOMAS CAW.

By Order of the Executors,

June 13th, 1774. ROBERT WELLS.

FOUND on *Monday* the 6th Instant, by my Negro Fellow, below the Quarter-House, in the Broad Road, a SILVER WATCH: The Owner by describing it, paying for advertising, and rewarding the Fellow, may have it, by applying to

June 13, 1774. DANIEL LEGARE.

A Quarterly Meeting of the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, will be held on *Tuesday* the 5th Day of *July* next, at the House of Mrs. *Catharine Poinsett*, in *Charles-Town*, where the Members are desired to attend, precisely at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

There is a Vacancy for Schooling one Child, by said Society. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

June 8, 1774.

LOST, supposed to be STOLEN,

From PRITCHARD's Ship-Yard,

A small CAT,

Of the LEOPARD Kind.

Whoever will deliver her at EDWARDS's Tavern on the *Bay*, or to me at the above Ship-Yard, shall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, and no Questions asked.

ISAAC BURTON.

May 30th, 1774.

To be Sold at public Vendue,

At Mr. DANIEL DROZE's, *in* Dorchester,

On Monday *the 4th of* July *next*,

A likely young Negro MAN,

Belonging to the Estate of THOMAS SINGELLTON, deceased. The Condition to be made known at the Sale.

JANE SINGELLTON, *Administratrix.*

BENJAMIN SINGELLTON, *Administrator.*

A Young genteel half-blooded GELDING, to be sold for no Fault. The Owner having no farther Occasion for him.——Enquire at WILLIAMSON and CHAPLIN's Livery Stable, the Upper-End of *Meeting-street*.

To be LETT *by the Subscriber*,

Two commodious HOUSES,

One in *Orange-street*, to enquire of THEODORE TRIEVANT; the other in *King-street*, enquire of WILLIAM PATERSON. BLAKE-LEAY WHITE.

To be SOLD,

On TUESDAY *the 21st Day of* JUNE *Instant*,

A CARGO OF

ONE HUNDRED

PRIME and LIKELY

SLAVES,

Just arrived in the Brigt. *Expedition*, Capt. *John Spence*, from SENEGAL.

ROGER SMITH.

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 2007] MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1774.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, Printer to the Honourable the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

LONDON, APRIL 5

THE public may be assured, on a certain foundation, that the appointment of General Gage to the government of the Massachusetts Bay proceeds entirely from the goodness of the King.—His Majesty is convinced of the impropriety of suffering a person to preside over a province who has by his wicked attempts to subvert the happiness of his good subjects there, entirely lost their confidence.

A correspondent felicitates us on seeing realized the idea of a patriot King. His Majesty has proved himself so by dismissing, contrary to the advice of the P— C—, and the endeavours of a most wicked, impudent and flagitious Scotch lawyer, a traitor who was hardy enough to advise the curtailing of English liberties.

General Fraser, it was much talked of about St. James's street, on Saturday last, will, in a few days, be made an American Governor.

APRIL 6.

It is said that the Thane is consulted daily and hourly by a certain great personage: no favourable omen this to the rights and liberties of the subject.

APRIL 7.

A correspondent observes, that the North-American charters, like other literary lumber, will soon be declared no tangible substances.

APRIL 8.

A correspondent desires to be informed, whether it would not be adviseable to establish a parliament in America for all the colonies, and choose the centrical place for that purpose.

By a calculation lately made, it will cost government not less than 12,000l. to make a commodious harbour at Casco-Bay.

It has been estimated that during the unhappy disagreements with the colonies, Great-Britain, exclusive of the government duties, has sustained a loss of more than 500 guineas per day.

There is no extraordinary supply of military stores or camp equipage ordered to America, nor is it the intention of the Minister to act with severity, if it can be possibly be avoided.

APRIL 9.

A gentleman has communicated the following, for the authenticity of which we desire not to be considered as answerable:—An happy expedient has been hit upon for reconciling the difference between Great-Britain and America, which must afford singular satisfaction to every free born Briton, as, from such conciliating measures the greatest and most firm peace, concord, harmony and friendship, will be re-established between the mother country and her colonies; for which purpose Lord George Germaine will be speedily sent to America, in the character of Lord Lieutenant, by which means America will enjoy all and the same benefits as Ireland, where the happiness flowing from such mode of government has long been been sufficiently experienced, and is too well known to require any annotations. And what good effects may not be hoped for, and expected, from the illustrious character of the person intended for this great and important part, if we consider his truly great abilities! and how easy and expeditious will be the communication between New-York and all the colonies on the continent, and how soon may aid and assistance there be had on all occasions, from all parts! whereas the intercourse between England and America, must ever be long, tedious and uncertain.

The restoring Lord George Germaine, and appointing him to a very high post in North-America, were under Scotch contemplation not many days ago, which accounts for the fulsome stuff passed soon after between his Lordship and the Premier, on a subject respecting which they were both out of their depth: it equally accounts for their dialogue being so puffed off in the news papers, by the hired Scotch scribblers.

BOSTON, MAY 30.

On Saturday last, a number of ——— waited on our late Governor, Mr. Hutchinson, and presented to him the following ADDRESS:

To Governor HUTCHINSON.

SIR,

WE, merchants and traders of the town of Boston, and others, do now wait on you, in the most respectful manner, before your departure for England, to testify, for ourselves, the entire satisfaction we feel at your wise, zealous and faithful administration, during the few years that you have presided at the head of this province.—Had your success been equal to your endeavours, and to the warmest wishes of your heart, we cannot doubt that many of the evils under which we now suffer, would have been averted, and that tranquillity would have been restored to this long divided province: But we assure ourselves that the want of success in those endeavours, will not abate your good wishes when removed from us, and your earnest exertions still on every occasion to serve the true interest of this your native country.

While we lament the loss of so good a Governor, we are greatly relieved, that his Majesty, in his gracious favour, hath appointed, as your successor, a gentleman, who, having distinguished himself in the long command he hath held in another department, gives us the most favourable prepossession of his future administration.

We greatly deplore the calamities that are impending, and shall fall on this metropolis, by the operation of a late act of Parliament, for shutting up the port on the first of the next month:—You cannot but be sensible, Sir, of the numberless evils that will ensue to the province in general, and the miseries and distresses into which it will particularly involve this town, in the course of a few months.—Without meaning to arraign the justice of the British Parliament, we could humbly wish that this act had been couched with less rigour, and that the people might have had the alternative, either to have complied with the conditions therein set forth, or to have submitted to the consequent evils on refusal; but as it now stands, all choice is precluded, and however disposed to compliance or concession the people may be, they must unavoidably suffer very great calamities before they can receive relief. Making restitution for damage done to the property of the East-India Company, or to the property of any individual, by the outrages of the people, we acknowledge to be just; and though we have ever disavowed, and now do solemnly bear our testimony against, such lawless proceedings; yet, considering ourselves as members of the same community, we are fully disposed to bear our proportions of those damages, whenever the sum and the manner of it can be ascertained. We earnestly request that you, Sir, who know our condition, and have at all times displayed the most benevolent disposition towards us, will on your arrival in England, interest yourself in our behalf, and make such favourable representations of our case, as that we may hope to obtain speedy and effectual relief.

May you enjoy a speedy passage to England; and under all the mortifications that you have patiently endured, may you possess the inward and consolatory Testimonies, of having discharged your trust with fidelity and honour; and receive those distinguishing marks of his Majesty's Royal approbation and favour, as may enable you to pass the remainder of your life in quietness and ease; and prefer your name with honour to posterity.

William Blair, James Selkrig, *Archibald Wilson, Jeremiah Green, Samuel H. Sparhawk, Joseph Turill, Roberts & Co. John Greenlaw, Benjamin Clark, William M'Alpine, Jonathan Snelling, James Hall, William Dickson, John Winslow, jun. Theophilus Lillie, Miles Whitworth, James M'Ewen, William Codner, James Perkins, John White, Robert Jarvis, William Perry, James and Patrick M'Masters, Wm. Coffin, Simeon Stoddard, jun. John Powell, Henry Laughton, Eliphalet Pond, M. S. Goldthwait, Peter Hughes, Samuel Hughes, John Semple, Hopestill Capen, Edward King, Byfield Lyde, George Lyde, A. F. Phillips, Rufus Greene, David Phipps, Richard Smith, George Spooner, Daniel Silsby, William Cazneau, James Forrest, Edward Cox, John Berry, Richard Hirons, Ziphion Thayer, John Joy, Joseph Goldthwait, Samuel Prince, Jonathan Simpson, James Boutineau, Nathaniel Hatch, Martin Gay, Joseph Scott, Samuel Minott, Benjamin H. Holmes, Archibald M'Neil, George Leonard, John Borland, Joshua Loring, jun. William Jackson, James Anderson, David Mitchelson, Abraham Savage, James Ashby, John Inman, John Coffin, Thomas Knight, Benjamin Greene, jun. David Greene, Henry H. Williams, James Warden, Nathaniel Coffin, jun. Silvester Gardner, John S. Copley, Edward Foster, Colborne Barrel, Nathaniel Greenwood, William Burton, Joseph Green, John Winslow, Isaac Winslow, Lewis Deblois, Thomas Aylwin, William Bowes, Greg. Townsend, Francis Green, Philip Dumaresq; Harrison Gray, Peter Johonnot, George Erving, John Vassall, Nathaniel Coffin, John Timmins, William Taylor, Thomas Brinley, Harrison Gray, jun. John Taylor, Gilbert Deblois, Joshua Winslow, Daniel Hubbard, Hugh Tarbett, Henry Lyddel, Nathaniel Cary, George Brinley, Richard Lechmere, John Erving, jun. Thomas Gray, George Bethune, Thomas Apthorp, Ezekiel Goldthwait, Benjamin Gridley, John Atkinson, Ebenezer Bridgham, John Gore, Adino Paddock.*

From the Boston Evening Post, *May* 23, 1774.

To the AMERICANS.

AT this great day of contest, when our ALL is depending, every man ought to turn his thoughts to the interest of his country, and contribute all in his power to its salvation. I therefore beg the serious attention of my countrymen to the following things.

It is one of the clearest truths in nature, that if the Americans are subject to the British Parliament, they are in slavery, and can have no property at all; of consequence the late act to block up Boston is altogether illegal and unjust, and to submit to it would be a submission to *naked tyranny*. Therefore the grand question is, have we such a prospect of success as will encourage an attempt to preserve our rights? I think we have, for the following reasons. This country produces all the necessaries of life, and those articles which we import from Britain, we might have from other nations; therefore cutting off our trade from Britain will not injure us, but she will lose many millions sterling annually; which will be so great a loss they cannot long sustain it, and of consequence restore the rights of this country; but the *tool of tyranny* lives, Britain will hold out many years rather than not gain her point. I answer, we care not if she holds out a thousand years, for we can do without her for ever, and be great gainers by it, for we pay her annually about two millions sterling in duties and in advanced prices for her goods, beside near as much more for her fopperies and superfluities, which our former fondness for the fashions of the *parent state* induced us to receive—the four millions will be a good balance for shutting our port. And when the tyranny shall be at an end, (an end it will have) the merchant will be amply repaid his present loss, by having a more advantageous trade than ever, when despotism shall be abolished. Another great benefit will acrue, by correcting a false effeminate taste which we have contracted by our connection with declining Britain: This blocking up will be a school of wisdom and improvement, and I am persuaded that the present administration could not have promoted the interest of the colonies so effectually, if they had *studied* to serve them.

My countrymen, we have a glorious prospect before us, let us join hand in hand, and putting our trust in the GOD of New-England, advance from step to step until our feet take hold on the stable mountains of Liberty. I have always observed a remarkable coincidence of Providences in favour of this country, which greatly animates me with the hope that HEAVEN will yet bless us and cause our enemies to flee before us; and I trust that, under the divine blessing, America will grow rich, and great, and happy in this oppression which we now feel.

AN AMERICAN.

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons, Residents or Non-Residents, who are possessed of Lands, Slaves or Monies at Interest, in the Parish of *St. James, Santee*, that they are assessed, by the Vestry of the said Parish, in the Sum of One Shilling for every Hundred Acres of Land, One Shilling for every Slave, and Six-Pence for every Hundred Pounds of Monies at Monies at Interest, for the Relief of the POOR of the said Parish; which Tax they are required to pay to either of us the Subscribers, on or before the first Monday in August next, after which Day all Defaulters will have Executions issued against them.

PAUL DOUXSAINT, } Church-
LEWIS MILES } Wardens.

Those Persons who reside in Charles-Town, are desired to pay the TAX to THOMAS EVANCE, Esq.

WANTED,
A WAITER for a TAVERN.

Such a one who understands his Business, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to
FRANCES SWALLOW.

TO BE SEEN
At the House of THOMAS ADAMSON,
In MEETING-STREET, *at the Sign of the Horse* MASK, *opposite* EDWARD RUTLEDGE, *Esq'r, at any Hour of the Day,*
The wonderful Electrical FISHES.

They are Natives of the Southern most Part of NORTH-AMERICA, and have never been seen before that we know of. These Fish have the surprising Power of darting the Shock thro' a Circle formed by any Number of Persons, the same as the Electrical Phial doth in the LEYDEN EXPERIMENT: This Fish by its Power likewise kills small Fish when put into the Water to it, before he devours them.——Many ingenious Experiments have been made by a Committee appointed for that Purpose, by a Philosophical Society.

Gentlemen and Ladies who choose to gratify their Curiosity by viewing this extraordinary Production of Nature, at the small Expence of ONE DOLLAR each, are desired to be speedy, as the Proprietor intends to stay but a few Days in this Place.

N. B. It is a remarkable Cure for the Palsy or Weakness of the Nerves.

To be HIRED out,
A WET NURSE,

A young healthy NEGRO WOMAN, with a good Breast of Milk, and no Child. Enquire at TIMOTHY's *Printing-Office* on the *Bay*.

Edward Lightwood,

HAS removed his BOOKS and PAPERS to his Compting House, in a new Brick Building on the East-Side of *Meeting-Street*, opposite to Dr. *Carfan*'s.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT whatever Necessaries may be bought for the Use of the PILOT-BOAT SPY, must not be charged to the Account of the said Boat, but to the Persons respectively who apply for them, and nothing to *William Brith*, without a written Order, or personal Application from himself.

June 20, 1774.

BOSTON, JUNE 8, 1774.

The following extraordinary BILLS now pending in the British Parliament, were brought here last Thursday afternoon by Captain Williamson, in 36 days from Briſtol, whoſe veſſel was bound for this place, but *obliged* to put into Marblehead.——

A BILL for the impartial adminiſtration of juſtice in the caſes of perſons queſtioned for any acts done by them in the Execution of the law, or for the ſuppreſſion of riots and tumults, in the province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, *in* New England.

WHEREAS in his Majeſty's province of *Maſſachuſetts Bay*, in *New-England*, an attempt hath lately been made to throw off the authority of the Parliament of Great-Britain over the ſaid province; and an actual and avowed reſiſtance, by open force, to the execution of certain acts of Parliament, hath been ſuffered to take place, uncontrouled and unpuniſhed, in defiance of his Majeſty's authority, and to the utter ſubverſion of all lawful government:

And whereas, in the preſent diſordered ſtate of the ſaid province, it is of the utmoſt importance to the general welfare thereof, and to the re-eſtabliſhment of lawful authority throughout the ſame, that neither the magiſtrates acting in ſupport of the laws, nor any of his Majeſty's ſubjects aiding and aſſiſting them therein, or in the ſuppreſſion of riots and tumults, raiſed in oppoſition to the execution of the laws and ſtatutes of this realm, ſhould be diſcouraged from the proper diſcharge of their duty, by an apprehenſion, that in caſe of their being queſtioned for any acts done therein, they may be liable to be brought to trial for the ſame, before perſons who do not acknowlege the validity of the laws in the execution whereof, or the authority of the magiſtrate in the ſupport of whom, ſuch acts had been done:

In order therefore to remove every ſuch diſcouragement from the minds of his Majeſty's ſubjects, and to induce them, upon all proper occaſions, to exert themſelves in ſupport of the public peace of the province, and of the authority of the King and Parliament of *Great Britain* over the ſame: *Be it enacted* by the KING's Moſt Excellent MAJESTY, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords ſpiritual and temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, That if at any time, within the ſpace
years from and after the any bill or bills of indictment ſhould be found againſt any perſon for murder, or other capital offence, in the province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, and it ſhall appear, by information given upon oath to the Governor, or in his abſence to the Lieutenant-Governor, of the ſaid province, that the fact was committed, by the perſon indicted, while he was either in the execution of his duty as a Majiſtrate, for the ſuppreſſion of riots, or in the ſupport of the laws of revenue, or that he was acting in his duty as an officer of revenue, or acting under the direction and order of any magiſtrate for the ſuppreſſion of riots, or for the carrying into effect the laws of revenue, or aiding and aſſiſting in any of the purpoſes aforeſaid; and if it ſhall alſo appear, to the ſatisfaction of the Governor or Lieutenant-Governor reſpectively, that an indifferent trial cannot be had within the ſaid province, in that caſe it ſhall and may be lawful for the Governor or Lieutenant-Governor to direct, that the indictment ſhall be tried in ſome other of his Majeſty's Colonies, or in Great-Britain, and for that purpoſe to order the perſon indicted to be ſent under a ſufficient cuſtody to the place appointed for his trial; and that there may be no failure of juſtice from the want of evidence in ſuch caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Governor, or in his abſence the Lieutenant-Governor, to ſettle and aſſeſs a reaſonable ſum to be allowed for the expences of ſuch witneſſes as the proſecutor, or the perſon indicted, ſhall deſire to be ſummoned; which ſum ſhall be advanced by the commiſſioners of his Majeſty's cuſtoms, to the witneſſes, who, upon the receipt thereof, ſhall enter into a recognizance before a judge of the ſuperior court, to appear and give evidence upon the trial of ſuch indictment.

And be it further enacted, That the Governor, or in his abſence the Lieutenant-Governor, if he ſhall direct the trial to be had in any other of his Majeſty's colonies, ſhall tranſmit the indictment, together with the recognizances of the witneſſes, under the ſeal of the province, to the Governor of ſuch other colony; who ſhall immediately iſſue a commiſſion of Oyer and Terminer, and deliver or cauſe to be delivered the ſaid indictment, with the ſaid recognizances, to the Chief Juſtice, and ſuch other perſons as have uſually been Commiſſioners of Oyer and Terminer there; who ſhall have power to proceed upon the ſaid indictment, as if the ſame had been found before them, and the trial ſhall thereupon proceed in like manner, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the offence had been committed in ſuch place: And in caſe the Governor, or in his abſence the Lieutenant-Governor, ſhall direct the trial to be had in Great-Britain, he ſhall them tranſmit the indictment, together with the recognizances of the witneſſes, under the ſeal of the province, to one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, who ſhall deliver or cauſe to be delivered the ſame, to the maſter of the Crown Office, and the indictment ſhall be tried in the next term, at the bar of the Court of King's Bench, in like manner, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the offence had been committed in the county of Middleſex.

A BILL for the better regulating the government of the Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, *in* North-America.

WHEREAS by letters patent under the Great Seal of England, made in the third year of the reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, for uniting, erecting and incorporating, the ſeveral colonies, territories, and tracts of Land therein mentioned, into one real province, by the name of their Majeſties province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, in New-England, whereby it was among other things ordained and eſtabliſhed, that the Governor of the ſaid province ſhould from thenceforth be appointed and commiſſionated by their Majeſties, their heirs and ſucceſſors, it was however granted and ordained, that from the expiration of the term, from and during which the eight and twenty perſons, named in the ſaid letters patent, were appointed to be the firſt counſellors or aſſiſtants to the Governor of the ſaid province for the time being, the aforeſaid number of eight and twenty counſellors or aſſiſtants ſhould yearly, once every year, for ever thereafter, be, by the General Court or Aſſembly newly choſen:

And whereas the ſaid method of electing ſuch counſellors or aſſiſtants to be veſted with the ſeveral powers, authorities, and privileges therein mentioned, although conformable to the practice, theretofore uſed, in ſuch of the colonies thereby united, in which the appointment of the reſpective Governors had been veſted in the General Courts or aſſemblies of the ſaid colonies, hath, by repeated experience, been found to be extremely ill adapted to the plan of government eſtabliſhed in the province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, by the ſaid letters patent herein before-mentioned, and hath been ſo far from contributing to the attainment of the good ends and purpoſes thereby intended, and to the promoting of the internal welfare, peace, and good government, or to the maintainance of that juſt ſubordination to, and conformity with, the laws of Great-Britain, that the manner of exerciſing the powers, authorities, and privileges aforeſaid, by the perſons ſo annually elected, hath for ſome time paſt been ſuch as had the moſt manifeſt tendency to obſtruct, and in great meaſure defeat the execution of the laws, to weaken the attachment of His Majeſty's well diſpoſed ſubjects, in the ſaid province, to His Majeſty's government, and to encourage the ill-diſpoſed among them to proceed even to acts of direct reſiſtance to, and defiance of, His Majeſty's authority, and it hath accordingly happened, that an open reſiſtance to the execution of the laws, hath actually taken place in the town of Boſton and the neighbourhood thereof, within the ſaid province:

And whereas it is, under theſe circumſtances, become abſolutely neceſſary, in order to the preſervation of the peace and good order of the ſaid province, the protection of His Majeſty's well-diſpoſed ſubjects therein reſident, the continuance of the mutual benefits ariſing from the commerce and correſpondence between this kingdom and the ſaid province, and the maintaining of the juſt dependance of the ſaid province upon the Crown and Parliament of Great-Britain, that the ſaid method of annually electing the counſellors or aſſiſtants of the ſaid province ſhould no longer be ſuffered to continue, but that the appointment of the ſaid counſellors or aſſiſtants ſhould henceforth be put upon the like footing as is eſtabliſhed in ſuch other of His Majeſty's colonies or plantations in America, the Governors whereof are appointed by His Majeſty's commiſſion under the Great Seal of Great-Britain:

Be it therefore enacted, by the KING's moſt excellent MAJESTY, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords ſpiritual and temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, that from and after the
ſo much of the charter granted by their Majeſties King William and Queen Mary to the inhabitants of the ſaid province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay in New-England, and all and every clauſe, matter, and thing therein contained, which relates to the time and manner of electing the aſſiſtants or counſellors, for the ſaid province, and all elections and appointments of ſuch counſellors and aſſiſtants made in purſuance thereof, ſhall
and that from and after the ſaid the council or court of aſſiſtants of the ſaid province for the time being, ſhall be compoſed of ſuch of the inhabitants or proprietors of lands within the ſame, as ſhall be thereunto nominated and appointed by His Majeſty, his heirs and ſucceſſors, by warrant under his or their ſignet, or ſign manual, and with the advice of the Privy Council, agreeable to the practice now uſed in reſpect to the appointment of counſellors in ſuch of his Majeſty's other colonies, in America, the Governors whereof are appointed by commiſſion under the Great Seal of Great-Britain: Provided that the number of the ſaid aſſiſtants or counſellors ſhall not at any one time exceed
nor be leſs than

And it is hereby further enacted, That the ſaid aſſiſtants or counſellors ſo to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall hold their offices reſpectively, for and during the pleaſure of His Majeſty, his heirs or ſucceſſors, and ſhall have and enjoy all the powers, privileges, and immunities, at preſent held, exerciſed and enjoyed by the aſſiſtants or counſellors of the ſaid province, conſtituted and elected from time to time, under the ſaid charter, except as herein after excepted; and ſhall alſo, upon their admiſſion into the ſaid Council, and before they enter into the execution of their offices, reſpectively take the oaths, and make, repeat, and ſubſcribe, the declarations required, as well by the ſaid charter as by any law or laws of ſaid province now in force, to be taken by the aſſiſtants or counſellors, which have been ſo elected and conſtituted as aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforeſaid, That from and after the it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty's Governor for the time being, of the ſaid province, or in his abſence, for the Lieutenant-Governor, to nominate and appoint, under the ſeal of the province, from time to time, the judges of the inferior courts of Common Pleas, commiſſioners of Oyer and Terminer, the attorney-general, ſheriffs, provoſts marſhals, juſtices of the peace, and other officers to the council or courts of juſtice belonging, and to remove the ſame, without the conſent of the council; and that all judges of the inferior courts of Common Pleas, commiſſioners of Oyer and Terminer, the attorney-General, ſheriffs, provoſts marſhals, juſtices, and other officers ſo appointed by the Governor, or, in his abſence, by the Lieutenant-Governor alone, ſhall and may have, hold, and exerciſe, their ſaid offices, powers, and authorities as fully and completely, to all intents and purpoſes, as any judges of the inferior courts of Common Pleas, commiſſioners of Oyer and Terminer, attorney-general, ſheriffs, provoſts marſhals, or other officers, have or might have done under the ſaid letters patent, in the third year of the reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, any law, ſtatute, or uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to annul or make void the commiſſion granted before the to any judges of the inferior courts of Common Pleas, commiſſioners of Oyer and Terminer, the attorney-general, ſheriffs, provoſts marſhals, juſtices of the peace, or other officers; but that they may hold and exerciſe the ſame, as if this act had never been made, until the ſame ſhall be determined by death, removal by the Governor, or other avoidance, as the caſe may happen.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforeſaid, That upon every vacancy of the offices of chief juſtice and judges of the ſuperior Court of the ſaid province, from and after the the Governor for the time being, or in his abſence the Lieutenant-Governor, without the conſent of the council, ſhall have full power and authority to nominate and appoint the perſons to ſucceed to the ſaid offices, who ſhall hold their commiſſions during the pleaſure of his Majeſty, his heirs and ſucceſſors; and that neither the chief juſtice and judges appointed before the ſaid
nor thoſe who ſhall hereafter be appointed purſuant to this act, ſhall be removed, unleſs by the order of Majeſty, his heirs or ſucceſſors, under his or their ſignal manual.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforeſaid, That the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, chief juſtice, the judges of the ſuperior court, and ſecretary of the ſaid province, for the time being ſhall be, and they are hereby appointed, during their continuance in their reſpective offices, juſtices of the peace, in and for every county of the ſaid province, and ſhall and may have, hold and enjoy, all the powers and authorities given to the juſtices of the peace by virtue of their commiſſion, or by any act of the general court of the ſaid province.

And whereas, by an act of the general-court of the ſaid province, made in the fourth year of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, intitled, "An act for regulating of townſhips, choice of town-officers, and ſetting forth their power," the freeholders and inhabitants of the ſeveral townſhips, rateable at twenty pounds eſtate, are authorized to aſſemble together, in the month of *March* in every year, upon notice given by the conſtable, or ſuch other as the ſelect-men of the town ſhall appoint, for the choice of the ſelect-men, conſtables, and other officers; and the freeholders and inhabitants are alſo impowered to make and agree upon ſuch neceſſary rules, orders, and bye-laws, for the directing, managing, and ordering, the prudential affairs, and to annex penalties for the non-obſervance of the ſame, not exceeding twenty ſhillings for one offence; provided they be not repugnant to the general laws of the ſaid province.

And whereas a great abuſe has been made of the power of calling ſuch meetings, and the inhabitants have, contrary to the deſign of their inſtitution, been miſled to treat upon matters of the moſt general concern, and to paſs many dangerous and unwarrantable reſolves; for remedy whereof, *Be it enacted*, That from and after the
no town-meeting ſhall be called by the ſelect men, or at the requeſt of any number of freeholders, without the leave of the Governor in writing, expreſſing the ſpecial buſineſs of the ſaid meeting, firſt had and obtained, except the annual meeting in the month of March, for the choice of ſelect men, conſtables, and other officers; and that no other matter ſhall be treated of at ſuch meeting, except the election of their aforeſaid officers, nor at any other meeting, except the buſineſs expreſſed in the leave given by the Governor.

And whereas, in purſuance of an act of Aſſembly, of the ſaid province, made in the ſeventh year of the reign of William the third, and three other acts of Aſſembly, made in the eleventh year of the ſame reign, jurors, as well grand as petty, have been uſually ſummoned and returned by the conſtables of the ſeveral towns, by virtue of writs or warrants directed to them, by the clerks of the ſeveral courts, requiring them to aſſemble the inhabitants of the ſaid towns, to chooſe fit perſons to ſerve as jurors for ſuch towns, and to ſummon and return ſuch perſons ſo choſen; which practice of chooſing jurors, and returning them, without the intervention of the ſheriff, has been found to be detrimental to the adminiſtration of juſtice; *Be it therefore enacted*, by the authority aforeſaid, That from and after the next enſuing, ſo much of the ſaid acts of Aſſembly, and of all other laws now in force, within the ſaid province, as directs the returns of juries to be made by the conſtables, by an election of the inhabitants of the ſeveral towns, ſhall
and all jurors, as well grand as petty, ſhall be returned by the ſheriffs of the ſeveral counties, and no otherwiſe; and the juſtices of the ſuperior court of the ſaid province, at a convenient time before the ſitting of the quarter ſeſſion of ſuch county, ſhall iſſue their precepts or warrants to the ſheriff of ſuch county, for ſuch ſeveral courts reſpectively to ſummon, out of the freeholders and inhabitants of ſuch county qualified to ſerve upon juries, ſuch a number of good and lawful men as ſuch precept or warrant ſhall direct, to ſerve upon the grand jury at ſuch reſpective court; and ſuch perſons ſo ſummoned and returned by the ſaid ſheriff, or ſuch of them as ſhall appear, ſhall be impannelled and ſworn the Grand Inqueſt for the body of the county, and ſhall continue as ſuch during the ſitting of ſuch reſpective court, and until they ſhall be diſmiſſed by the ſame; and in all indictments, informations, actions, and cauſes, depending before the ſuperior court, or any court of quarter ſeſſion, or court of common pleas, in the ſaid province, which ſhall be at iſſue, and ordered for trial, the juries ſhall be ſummoned, impannelled, and returned, by the ſheriff of the county, out of the freeholders and inhabitants of the ſaid county qualified to ſerve upon juries, and ſhall be choſen and arrayed in ſuch manner and form, and by and with ſuch regulations and reſtrictions, as is directed and ordered in and by an act of Parliament, made in the ſeventh and eighth years of the reign of his late Majeſty King William the third, intituled, "An act for the "eaſe of jurors, and better regulating of juries;" and

one other act, made in the eighth and ninth years of the same reign, intitled, "An act to enable the returns of "juries as formerly, until the first day of November, "one thousand six hundred and ninety-seven;" and one other act of Parliament, made in the third year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the second, intituled "An act for the better regulation of trials by jury, "and for enlarging the time for trials by jury, and for "enlarging the time for trials by *nisi prius*, in the coun-"ty of Middlesex."

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, that the lists of the freeholders and inhabitants of the several towns, qualified to serve upon juries, shall be returned to, and recorded at, the quarter sessions for the several counties, and shall be delivered to the several sheriffs in manner and form as directed by the said acts of Parliament, or any of them; and until such lists of such freeholdees and inhabitants shall be delivered as aforesaid, the shreiff of any county shall, and may summon and return fit persons to serve upon juries as aforesaid, out of the body of the freeholders and inhabitants of the county, qualified to serve upon juries, according to his judgment and discretion; and whenever the judges of the superior court shall award a special jury to be struck (which they are hereby authorized and impowered to do in such manner as special juries have been usually struck in the court at Westminster, at trials at bar) and if the sheriff of the county in which such jury shall be awarded, shall not have received lists of the freeholders and inhabitants qualified to serve upon juries as herein before ordered and directed, such sheriff shall attend the proper office of the said court with a list of of the principal freeholders and inhabitants of the said county qualified to serve upon juries, and the special jury shall be struck out of the said list; and it shall and may be lawful for the justices of the said superior court, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, upon the motion of either of the parties, in any case or action which shall be brought to issue, to order the said cause or action to be tried in any county, other than the county in which the said cause or action shall have been brought or laid, by a jury of such other county, as they shall judge fit and proper, any act of assembly or provincial law to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That all clerks of courts, sheriffs, constables, and other persons within the said province, to whom the ordering, making, delivering, or recording the lists of the freeholders and inhabitants qualified to serve upon juries as aforesaid, shall belong or appertain, according to the true intent and meaning of this present act, and the said acts hereby referred to, who shall be guilty of any wilful neglect, default, or misfeazance, in carrying into execution this act, according to its true intent and meaning, shall incur and suffer such fines and penalties as are severally mentioned in the said acts of Parliament hereby referred to; and all persons who being duly apprized as aforesaid, shall be duly summonad to serve upon juries in the manner aforesaid, and shall not attend such service, shall incur and suffer such fines and penalties as by the laws of the said province, jurors making default are now subject to.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That if any action shall be brought against any sheriff, for war what he shall do in execution, or by virtue of this act, he may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence; and if a verdict shall be found for him, he shall recover Costs.

LONDON.

HOUSE *of* COMMONS, *April* 21.

THE House sat near half an hour without any business before them, when Lord North came, and presented to the Speaker several extracts of letters, &c. and the third Boston Bill, "for the impartial administration of "justice in the cases of persons questioned for any acts "done by them in the execution of the law, or for the "suppression of riots and tumults, in the province of "Massachusetts-Bay, in New-England."

The bill was read a first time; upon which Mr. Sawbridge arose, saying, "Sir, I am astonished at the noble Lord's proceeding, in bringing in a bill of the utmost consequence, at a time when there is so thin a House. [There ware only 41 members.] It is an improper time; it is taking us by surprize; it is cowardly. But, Sir, I should think myself unworthy a seat in this Assembly, was I to suffer so pernicious a bill to pass in any stage, without giving my hearty negative to it. I will oppose it every time I have an opportunity, although I do not imagine I shall be much attended to. This is a bill, Sir, of such a ridiculous and cruel nature, that I am really astonished how any person could think of making it. Does the noble Lord think that a man who chances to see a person murdered in America, will come over here as an evidence against the aggressor? Does the noble Lord think that any American would hazard a trial here, or that he should expect to have justice done him, if he was to come over? Then Sir, a person would be brought over here to be tried, and you would have evidences only on one side; but I imagine if those evidences should not be sufficient, evidence here, who never saw the transaction, would be procured, and the criminal acquitted. I plainly foresee the dangerous consequences of the bill; *it is meant to* ENSLAVE *America*, and the same Minister who means to enslave them, would, if he had it in his power, enslave England; it si his aim, and what he wishes to do; but I sincerely hope the Americans will not admit of these destructive bills, but nobly refuse them; if they do not, they are the most abject Slaves that ever the earth produced, and nothing that the Minister can do, is base enough for them.

Lord North. Sir, I think myself called upon to vindicate my conduct for bringing in the bill at so thin a house. Sir, was I to know there would be but few members attend? I did as I promised I would do, which was to bring in a bill as soon as it was ready; it was but just finished when I brought it, and I little expected to have any debate upon it in this stage: I thought, Sir, the debate would be upon the second reading; it usually is so; and I sincerely hope when this bill is read a second time, that we shall have a very full house, and let every gentleman give his opinion upon it. I wish to have it thoroughly discussed, and if it should be found to be a bad bill, in God's name, throw it out; but if found otherwise, you cannot be too unanimous in assenting to it; the more unanimity there is, the stronger effect it will have. As to its being meant to enslave America, I deny it. I have no such intention; it is an unpleasant, but necessary step to bring them to a sense of their duty; that assertion has much the same truth in it as what has been before said, that the Americans had seen their error, and were willing to satisfy the India-Company. Sir, there is a ship arrived, I think her name is the Fortune, Captain Gorham; she arrived in Boston harbour the latter end of February, or beginning of March 1774, I cannot say which; she was loaded with tea; the inhabitants came immediately and unloaded her and emptied the contents of her cargo into the sea. Is this, Sir, seeing their error? Is this, Sir, reforming? Is this making restitution to the India Company? Surely no gentleman will, after this, urge any thing in their defence. The honourable gentleman has said this bill is a pernicious one; I trust, when gentlemen come to consider it, they will see it is quite otherwise.

Sir Thomas Frankland arose only to acquaint the House, that he yesterday afternoon, after the House broke up, was shewn a letter which a friend of his received from Boston, dated March 1774, which mentioned the tea being destroyed, which was the cargo of Captain Gorham, as the noble Lord hath mentioned.

Mr. Byng. Sir, I cannot help rising to oppose this bill. I agree with my worthy friend, that it is a most pernicious bill, and I fear made with no good intention. I am surprised at the noble Lord, who said, his wish was to make their laws in America as near as possible to our own. Is this bill any thing like it? No, it is quite the reverse; dragging people from one country to another to give evidence is such a proposition I never heard before nor could have thought of; but, Sir, every person must know, and will allow, that the noble Lord finds his other two bills are so defective and dangerous, that no person will venture to put them into execution, he is therefore obliged to have recourse to a third, to indemnify such persons as shall be concerned in executing his destructive project. I shall oppose this bill every time I have an opportunity, and I trust every lover of his country will do the same.

He further said, that whatever professions of candor were thrown out, he should trust to them with great caution; that for his part these attacks made abroad, seemed to be intended to prepare mens minds for measures of a similar nature to be enforced at home; and that the conduct and complexion of public measures in general wore the appearance of a systematic design of enslaving the people, as well in Great-Britain as the colonies.

Lord Beauchamp.—I really am surprised, Sir, to here an honorable gentleman say, that every person must know that the two former bills are defective. Sir, I will venture to say the fact is otherwise; every person must allow they are necessary for the preservation of peace, and reducing the Americans to a sense of their duty. Does the honourable gentlemen think the soldiers at Boston will act without they are indemnified? No; they could not. No person would execute the laws half so well, was this bill not to pass. I think it a necessary bill; it will make their trials by Juries like ours, which are so much approved of; and I shall give my hearty affirmative to it.

Mr. Sawbridge.—Sir, I rise to explain to the noble Lord why I think it pernicious bill. I am certain, that however willing I might be to bring an offender to justice, was I to see murder committed in London, my love of justice might induce me to go to any part of the country as an evidence; but I assure the noble Lord I would not go over to America on any account, nor for any mandate he could issue; and I believe that the noble Lord will allow that not any sum would induce him to go over now; therefore we have the same right to imagine the people in America will not come over here. I make no doubt but government will take care to bring over evidence in support of their side, but they will not trouble themselves with evidences on the contrary; therefore all your trials will be *ex parte*, and nothing but a mockery of justice: I do not mention this as an advocate for America, but as an Englishman.

The question was then put that this bill be read a second time on Monday next.

Mr. Sawbridge desired to know of the noble Lord if he had any objection to its being printed.

Lord North answered, No.

Mr. Sawbridge then said, Monday would be too soon for the second reading, there would not be time to print it by that day.

The question was again put, and carried without a division.

House of Commons, April 24.

Orders were given to clear the gallery, and to enforce them the more expeditiously, the Serjeant at Arms attended himself. At four o'clock the order for the second reading of the bill for regulating the government of Massachusets-Bay came on, which produced a warm debate that continued till almost seven o'clock; and a motion being made for committing the said bill, it passed in the affirmative without a division. The principle speakers were Mr. Welbore Ellis, Sir George Saville, Lord North, Gen. Conway, Mr. Jenkinson, Gov. Johnstone, Mr. Harris, Sir George Young, Mr. Ward, Gov. Pownal, Mr. Rigby, Mr. C. Fox, and Sir Gilbert Elliot.

APRIL 25.

The Quakers are at length roused in defence of their rights in the colonies, and have prepared a most spirited petition to the Throne, which they mean to present at St. James's in full procession. They have also, in case of the failure of this petition subscribed a very large sum, which they mean to present to a certain great and amiable Commoner to bear his expences to America, that they might reap the benefit of his advice for their future conduct.

APRIL 26.

It is said ——— is so far flattered and satisfied, the measures begun and to be pursued with America, will produce perfect tranquility there, that Parliament, it is now given out, will rise on the third of June next.

We are assured from a gentleman's own mouth, who heard Lord Chatham declare it since he came to town, that so far from altering his sentiments as to America, he is more than ever confirmed in the system he has so often held in public, relative to that country.

CHARLES-TOWN.

SO ready are the Inhabitants of this Province, to contribute to the Relief of their *Suffering Brethren* in Boston, that (tho' the Gentlemen are not yet named, who are to receive the Subscriptions) a Vessel is to be immediately loaded with RICE, and sent for their Use to Salem.

*** A CAROLINIAN—BRUTUS CAROLINACUS—PHILANTHROPOS—*and several* OTHER *Pieces have been received—to which due Regard will be shewn, as soon as we can find Room for them in this Paper.*

New Advertisements.

On Monday *the* 4*th Day of* July *next*,
Will be SOLD,
At the Plantation of the late Mr. Thomas Durand,

A Tract of Land on *Sampit*, containing Five Hundred and Fifty Acres, two Hundred of which is exceeding good level Swamp, and about fifty Acres of it cleared. On this Plantation are a Dwelling-House, Barn and other Out Houses. Credit will be given to the 1st of January 1775, and Possession may be taken the 1st of January next.

At the same Time and Place will be SOLD,

ANOTHER Tract on the same Swamp, higher up, containing Four Hundred Acres, about Seventy of which is good Rice Land. Credit will be given to the 1st of January next for this Tract, paying Interest and giving approved Security. The Property not to be altered until the Terms are complied with.

JAMES DURAND.

THE Cattle, Plantation Tools, &c. belonging to the Estate of the late EBENEZER SIMMONS, Esq; formerly advertised for Sale, and unavoidably put off, will positively be sold at the Plantation of the said Deceased, at Stono, on Tuesday the 28th Day of June instant; and at the same Time and Place will be sold an open SCOONER, which carries about Seventy Barrels of Rice, and a large CANOE, both belonging to the said Estate. JAMES SIMMONS, *Executor*.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice, agreeable to the Attachment Act, "That he is about "to depart the Province, and is ready to answer any "Suit that shall be brought against him, and in the "mean Time, shall be always ready to appear and give "Bail, to any Summons that shall be issued against him."

PAUL MAZYCK.

To be Sold by private Contract,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 300 Acres, situate on the Branches of Beaver-Dam Creek, a Branch of Turkey-Creek, in Granville County, bounding N. W. on Land of Hezekiah William, N. by Land held by Robert Melville, S. W. on Land of William Goode, and all other Sides on vacant Land: The said Tract consists chiefly of Oak and Hickory. One, two, or three Years Credit will be given, on paying the Interest annually. For further Particulars, enquire on Champneys's Wharf, of

(t. f.) DANIEL STEVENS.

LOST on Monday the 20th of *June* Instant, between the Quarter-House and Charles-Town, a CORNELIAN SEAL set in Gold, and a plain STEEL CHAIN; on one Side of the Seal is engraved a Coat of Arms, two Birds on a Tree, and on the other Side P.M. Whoever will deliver the Seal and Chain to the Printer, shall receive THREE DOLLARS Reward.

JUST IMPORTED
In the Scooner HAWEY, *Captain* BATTINO,

A Quantity of exceeding fine OATS, which will be disposed of on very low Terms. Apply to said Master on board at *Motte's-Wharf*, or

SYKES & LUSHINGTON.

For *Pensacola*, *Mobille*, Or the *Mississippi*,
THE SLOOP
INDUSTRY,
Capt. *William Fitzpatrick*,
Will be ready to sail about the 25th Instant. For Freight or Passage, having good Accommodations, apply to

JOHN CORAN.

RUN AWAY on Friday the 16th of June Instant, a short Negro Fellow named KETCH, this Country born; had on a dark blue Coat, black Breeches and Oznaburgs Shirt; formerly the Property of *Arnold Harvey*, late of *Stono*, where it is supposed the said Negro is gone. This is to forewarn all Persons whatsoever from harbouring or employing him on any Pretence whatever; and whoever delivers him to me or the Warden of the Work-House in Charles-Town, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward and all reasonable Charges, by applying in *George-Town*, to

JOHN PACKROW.

The SUBSCRIBER,
Acquaints the PUBLIC,

THAT at his OFFICE in *Meeting-Street* (oppoſite to JAMES SIMPSON, Eſq) Merchants, Tradeſmen, and others, may have their BOOKS brought up, with the utmoſt Diſpatch;—and, Perſons entering into Buſineſs, have them opened and regulated, in a proper Manner.

All Accompts of Partnerſhips, Executors, Aſſignees, &c. clearly adjuſted.

MONEY BORROWED, and LENT at Intereſt, without the leaſt Expence to the Lender, or *any Premium from the Borrower*, except a moderate Commiſſion.

*** Thoſe Gentlemen who chuſe to employ him in any Kind of Commiſſion Buſineſs, may have undoubted Security, if required, and every Endeavour will be exerted to give Satisfaction.

PHILIP HENRY.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Dr. *Barnard Binford*, late of *Goose-Creek*, deceaſed, are deſired forthwith to pay their Accounts to Mr. *Philip Henry*, who is authorized to ſettle the ſame.

Thoſe that remain unpaid on the firſt of Auguſt next, will be ſued without Diſtinction, there being an abſolute Neceſſity to cloſe all Concerns relative to the ſaid Eſtate.

MILES BREWTON, *Adminiſtrator*.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing One Hundred and Seventy Acres, on the Sea Shore, in the Pariſh of St. James, Santee, adjoining Land of Meſſrs. Nathan Legaré, Lewis Mouzon, and Daniel McGregor; one Half of which is fit for the Culture of Indico, Corn, &c. and the Whole remarkably well timbered with Pine and Firewood; the fartheſt Part of it not more than Half a Mile from a Landing.

Alſo, One Hundred Acres adjoining the above and Lands of ſaid Nathaniel Legaré, and Daniel McGregor, and bounding on the Sea Shore, having a Landing thereto, not more than Half a Mile from the extreme Part of it; this Tract is alſo well timbered, and fit for Rice, Corn, or Indico; they will be ſold together or ſeparate. For Terms, apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

To be diſpoſed of at private SALE,

A NEGRO LAD, a complete Waiter, has been uſed to Houſe Service in particular; underſtands ſomething of Horſes, and the general Attendance upon a Gentleman. Apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

For *SALE*,

AN active young NEGRO MAN, free from any known Faults—RICE, at the Market Price, will be taken in Payment.

Pleaſe to apply to PHILLIP HENRY.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Lot of Land very valuable, on Account of its advantageous Situation on the Corner of two wide Streets, containing One Hundred and Forty Feet Front on Meeting-ſtreet, and Two Hundred on Hazel-ſtreet.

A valuable Plantation in St. James's Pariſh, Goose-Creek, containing Four Hundred and Fifteen Acres, joining Lands of Elizabeth Smith and William Withers.—On the Premiſes are a good new built Houſe of Six Rooms, with a large Piazza and other neceſſary Buildings. This Plantation is well ſituated for a Brick Kiln, being on a large Creek, where Scooners of any Burthen may load with Eaſe.

A commodious and well finiſhed Houſe ſituate in Orange ſtreet, oppoſite the Hon. Thomas-Knox Gordon, Eſq's; conſiſting of Six airy Rooms, a Kitchen, Fowl Houſe, good Cellar, and every other requiſite Buildings. The Lot contains Forty-two Feet Front by One Hundred Feet deep.

Alſo, Three Hundred Acres of Land in St. Thomas's Pariſh, bounding North-Weſt on Samuel Wall's Land and South-Weſt on Elias Wigfall's Land. On this Tract is an exceeding good Saw-Mill juſt built. For further Particulars pleaſe to apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

For private SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Two Hundred and Fifty Acres in St. *Mark's Pariſh*, on the Branches of *Dutchman's-Creek*, *Waters of Wateree River*, bounding North and North-eaſterly on Land belonging to *George Pair*; North-weſtwardly and South-weſtwardly on Mr. *Keeſhaw's* Land.

Alſo, Five Hundred Acres of LAND on *Kelley's-Creek*, on Branches of *Fair-Forreſt*. For Particulars, pleaſe to apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

For SALE,

FOUR Hundred and Fifty Acres of Land, near the Boundary Line of Orangeburg Townſhip, on a Branch of Edisto River, known by the Name of LIME STONE SWAMP; and Three Hundred Acres in Hillſborough Townſhip, joining Lands of Robert Reeche, Daniel and Jean Davids, and James Piſſree. The Purchaſer may have a long Credit, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required.

PHILIP HENRY.

For SALE by private Contract.

A Tract of Land, containing One Thouſand Two Hundred Acres on the Head Branches of Beaver Dam Creek, a Branch of Thickettee Creek, the Waters of Broad River. Apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

THE Subſcriber having diſpoſed of his Plantation on Wando-River, will ſell Twenty-one good NEGROES, ſome have been uſed to Boats, the Reſt are choice Field Slaves.—*Alſo*, A large well built Flat Scooner in good Condition. For the Terms of Payment, which will be very eaſy, pleaſe to apply to PHILIP HENRY in *Charles-Town*, or on Foſſin's-Iſland, to JAMES COOK.

For SALE very Cheap,

A Lot of Land up the Path, oppoſite to Mr. *John Watſon's*, containing in Front Seventy-five Feet, and in Depth Two Hundred Feet. Apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

To be SOLD together or ſeparate,

UPWARDS of One Hundred Lots of LAND in *Orangeburgh* Townſhip: On ſome of theſe Lots are good Dwelling-houſes newly built; they will be ſold very cheap for CASH or ſhort Credit.

Four Tracts of Land in *Amelia* Townſhip, *viz.* One of 500 Acres; One of 450; One of 100; and One of 50 Acres. The two latter Tracts join, and are contiguous to the Road; through which there is a commodious Approach to a Houſe, that at preſent is uſed as a Store.

Four valuable Tracts of Land on *Santee* River; One of 1000 Acres, chiefly fine Swamp Land; One of 600; and Two of 150 Acres each. Theſe laſt four Tracts are extraordinary good Land.

Alſo, Two Tracts of Land in the *Long-Cane* Settlement; One of 400 Acres; the other 300. For Particulars, apply to PHILIP HENRY.

To be SOLD,
On MONDAY *the 27th Day of* JUNE *Inſtant*,
On Mr. GRÆME's *Wharf, oppoſite to Mr.* WELLS's,
On the BAY,

A SMALL CARGO
Of about SIXTY
VERY LIKELY HEALTHY
NEGROES,
JUST arrived in the Sloop *Fanny*, Capt. *John Stanton*, after a ſhort Paſſage directly from the *Gold-Coaſt* of *Africa*.

LEVINUS CLARKSON.

To be Sold at public Vendue,
On Thurſday *the 7th of* JULY *next*,
At the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

A Valuable PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, containing 900 Acres, ſituate on the South-Side of *Ediſto-River*, bounding to the Northward on vacant Land; Eaſtward on Land late of Mr. *Jackſon*; Southward on vacant Land; and Weſtward on Land of *John Sweint*; The above Tract is about five or ſix Miles from the *Ediſto Saw-Mills*, and good Part of the Tract very valuable Land.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 500 Acres, ſituate in *Craven* County, on the Waters of *Fiſhing-Creek*; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, ſituate in *Craven* County, on the South-Weſt Side of *Great-Pedee* River, and on the *Back-Swamp*, containing 500 Acres; bounded North-Weſt by *Craſton Carwen's* Land; North-Eaſt, and South-Eaſt by *Edward Jerman's* Land; and on all other Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 500 Acres, ſituate on the South-Weſt Side of the *Catawba-River*, in *Craven* County; through which, two Branches called *DeBar Cantizen's Aull-Branch*, and *Culp's-Branch*, runs; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

Alſo, One other very valuable Tract of Land, containing 250 Acres, ſituate in St. *Matthew's* Pariſh, on a Branch of the *Four-Holes*; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

Each of the above Tracts contain a conſiderable Quantity of good Planting Land; the Plats thereof, may be ſeen in my Hands, or at THOMAS GRIMBALL, Eſq's.

Credit will be given till *January* 1ſt, 1775, the Purchaſers giving good Security and paying Intereſt, from the Day of Sale.——The above Lands were late the Property of Dr. *John Sweint*, and ſold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY.
Late Proveſt-Marſhal.

THE Bonds, Notes and Books of Accounts belonging to the Eſtate of EDWARD MORTIMER, late of Monk's-Corner deceaſed, are lodged in my Hands by the Adminiſtratrix, with full Power to receive and give Diſcharges on all Monies due thereon, and as there are many Perſons who have neglected to pay their Accounts, and the Intereſt on their Bonds and Notes, theſe are therefore to inform them, that unleſs they are paid on or before the firſt Day of JULY next, they will be poſitively ſued.

PETER BOUNETHEAU.

JUNE 8th, 1774.

To be SOLD,
On TUESDAY *the 28th of* JUNE,
At 12 o'Clock, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town,
Two NEGROES under Mortgage, *viz.*

A Ship Carpenter, eſteemed a good Workman; and a Negro Woman, a good Waſher and Ironer.

The Conditions will be CASH.

To be Sold by public Vendue,
On Tueſday *the 12th of* July *next*,
At the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

ALL that PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, containing 280 Acres, late in the Poſſeſſion of Mrs. *Elizabeth Smith*, deceaſed, ſituate in *St. Andrew's* Pariſh, on the public Road leading to *Stone*, and adjoining Lands of *John Lloyd*, and *Jeremiah Savage*, Eſq'rs. The Terms of Payment will be declared at the Sale, by JOHN MATHEWES, jun.

To be Sold at public Vendue,
On Tueſday *the 27th of* Dec. *next*,
All the real and perſonal ESTATE
Of JOSEPH BRITTON, Eſq; deceaſed,
CONSISTING OF

SOME very valuable Tracts of Land, one of which has about 100 Acres of Land cleared, fit for Rice, Corn and Indico, ſituated on Pedee, and contains 700 Acres. *Alſo*, A Parcel of valuable SLAVES, amongſt which are, a Shoemaker and a Tanner; a Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Horſes, Sheep, Houſhold Furniture, Shoemakers, Tanners and Coopers Tools, Indico Vats, Pumps, &c. Credit will be given to the 1ſt of *January* 1776, giving approved Security, and paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make immediate Payment; and all to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to make their Debts known and receive Payment by the 1ſt Day of *December* next, as no Debts will be paid after that Time.

ANN BRITON, *Executrix*.
DANIEL BRITTON, }
FRANCIS BRITTON, } *Executors*.

To be SOLD,
On Tueſday *the 5th Day of* July *next*,
At the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

SUNDRY Wearing-Apparel, and other Goods, late the Property of *John William Huſt*, deceaſed; all Perſons having any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted, and thoſe who are in any Ways indebted, are deſired to make immediate Payment, to

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD, *Adminiſtrator*.

To be SOLD by Auction,
On Thurſday *next the 23d of* JUNE *Inſtant*,
At the Vendue-Houſe *in* Charles-Town,
At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

ABOUT Twenty Puncheons of high Proof Jamaica Rum, of the laſt Crop, which was intended for London and a Market, being Part of the Cargo of the Ship Sally, Iſaac Button, Maſter, from Jamaica, and ſold to pay the Repairs of ſaid Ship.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

WHEREAS my Houſe was broke open in the Night of the 9th Inſtant, and a great Number of Things taken away, among which were a green Stone Ring ſet with ſix Diamond Sparks, a Mourning King, the Inſcription *Nicholas Burnham*, &c. &c. the Enamel pretty much worn out, two ſmall wrought Rings, a Pair of white Stone Ear-Rings ſet in Gold, with three Drops, a Pair of red Stone Ear-Rings and Necklace, a Pair of Garnet Ear-Rings and Necklace, the Trinkets which make a Set to an Equipage, Gold inlaid, with Mother of Pearl, a very thick plain Gold Girdle Buckle, and many other Things of Jewellery; ſeveral Pair of Muſlin Ruffles, laced, worked and plain; one Pair of treble Ruffles, the Lace never waſhed; Book Muſlin and Gauze Aprons, ſome of them with Lace round; five or ſix Ivory-Stick Fans, one of them very handſome, the Mount one Side Leather, the other very fine Paper, and the Screw ſet with purple Stones; Caps, Handkerchiefs, a Bam Box of Ribbons; a white flowered Sattin Hat and a Chip ditto, both trimmed; a Child's yellow Ground Brocade Skirt; four Bed Covers of different coloured Linen or Callico, with white Borders, the Middle of one Patch-Work laid on white Callico; ſome new Irish Linen; four or five Yards of Tobine Lutеſtring; a Remnant of blue and white Furniture Check; Part of a Set of Enamel Tea China, Sheets, and a great many other Things. A Reward of *Twenty Five Pounds*, will be given on Delivery of any of the Things, and a further Reward of *Fifty Pounds*, on Conviction of the Thief or Thieves, to any Perſon who will give Information.

ROBERT COCHRAN.

June 16, 1774.

RUN-AWAY, about the Sixteenth of this Month, from on Board Captain *William Harlow's* Scooner, at *George-Town*, a likely NEGRO MAN SLAVE, nameſt HENRY, about Twenty Years of Age; had on when he went away, a blue Great-Coat, blue Jacket, and Trowſers, blue Yarn Stockings, and a blue and white Cotton and Thread ſtriped Shirt, a flopped Hat, and a large Sore upon one of his Ancles.—— Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and brings him to the Subſcriber, in *George-Town*, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, and all reaſonable Charges allowed them.

George-Town, *April* 27, 1774. } JOSEPH BROWN.

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 2007] MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1774.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *PETER TIMOTHY*, Printer to the Honourable the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

WILLIAM STUKES,

In BROAD-STREET, near the *Exchange*,

Has just imported in the UNION, Captain COOMBES, *from* LONDON,

A Fresh Supply of GOODS,

The principal Part whereof were purchased with

READY MONEY,

And will be SOLD

Very reasonably at the usual CREDIT, and extraordinary CHEAP for CASH;

AMONGST THEM ARE,

A Great Variety of new fashioned Caps and Net Hoods, Gauze, Lace of all Sorts, *Italian* and Breast Flowers, fashionable trimmed Hats, Cloaks and Bonnets, Necklaces, Marquiset Sprigs and Facings;—the best London made Shoes of all Sorts, Mens ready made Cloaths, &c. &c.

Selling at prime COST.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF

PARKER & HUTCHINGS,

Having EXPIRED near Twelve Months,

And there being an absolute Necessity of speedily closing their CONCERNS,

Will DISPOSE of

Their remaining Stock of Goods,

Consisting of (among a great Variety) the following ARTICLES,

SUPERFINE Broad Cloaths with suitable Trimmings, A large Assortment of Yorkshire ditto, Bath Coating, German Serges, Sagathies, Duroys, Shalloons, Duraunts, Tammies, &c.

Sundry Articles of Mercery, Haberdashery, Linen Drapery, Hosiery, Cutlery, Ironmongery, a complete set of Coopers Tools, Stationary, Sadlery, Pewter and Tin Ware, Glass, Earthen and Queens Ware, Stone Jugs from one to four Gallons, Paints of most Colours, a few compleat Sets of Limning ditto, Linseed Oil in Jugs, Boxes of Window Glass 10 by 8 white and coloured Plains, best London Duffil Blankets and Rugs, best English and German Steel, Iron Pots, split Peas in Jugs, Rape and Canary Seed, English Seed Barley, handsome Brass and Steel mounted Fire Grates complete, &c. with a great Variety of other Goods suitable to the Place and Season. They will be disposed of exactly SEVEN and a HALF for ONE CASH, taking the Amount of *Fifty Pounds*, or EIGHT for ONE a small Quantity.—Any Person taking the WHOLE, shall have them a great Bargain and Terms of Payment made easy.

They have likewise for SALE,

EXCEEDING fine Butter in Kegs at 3*s.* 9*d.* per lb. Carolina Flour in Barrels, Flax Seed, Hemp and Cotton, Beaver and Deerskins, Tobacco in Hogsheads, Tallow and Bees Wax, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar; Jamaica, West-India, and Northward Rum; Salt, a large Assortment of Bar Iron, Ploughshare Moulds, Axe Iron, &c. &c. a few Bushels of very good Indico Seed.

And having received very few Payments since the Expiration of their Copartnership, *This final Notice is therefore given*, That all Bonds, Notes, and Book Accounts, remaining unpaid the 1st of *July* next, will (without Distinction) be put in the Hands of an Attorney to be sued for, as no longer Indulgence can possibly be given.

To be Sold by private Contract,

TWENTY LOTS of LAND,

each containing Forty Feet in Front, and from One Hundred and Seven to One Hundred and Fifty Feet in Depth.

The said Lots are situated on a Street Forty Feet wide, lately laid out from *Broad-Street* through Lands belonging to me, near the West End of *Broad-Street* aforesaid, which is almost as high a Piece of Land as any within the Limits of *Charles-Town*.

The Purchasers may have a long Credit, giving approved Security, and paying the Interest punctually; and a Plat of the Lots may be seen at Mr. *Wells's*, and Mr. *Nicholas Langford's*, Booksellers, in *Charles-Town*.—Apply to ARTHUR MIDDLETON.

GEORGE COOKE & Co.

Have imported in the UNION, *Capt.* COOMBES, *from* LONDON,

A fresh Supply of Goods,

Suitable for the SUMMER,

Which they will DISPOSE of at a moderate *Advance*, particularly for CASH.

SMITH & SMITHSON,

Opposite the Cross Keys, *in* King-Street,

Have received by the Beaufain, *Capt.* Purchas,

A FRESH ASSORTMENT OF

JEWELLERY, &c.

Amongst which are a great VARIETY *of the following* ARTICLES, *viz.*

ELEGANT paste Ear-Rings, Sprigs and Pins, Coque de Pearl and Marq do. Bows and Falls do. Paste, Shoe, Knee, Stock, and Breast-Buckles, Silver, plated and Metal do. Paste and Foil Stone Stay-Hooks; Gentlemen and Ladies Steel Watch Chains, Seals, Keys, Hooks and Trinkets, Pinchbeck and gilt do. a compleat Assortment of Paper Snuff Boxes, some of them Gold and Silver-mounted; a Variety of Gold and Silver-mounted, Paper and other Tooth-pick Cases; Mother of Pearl inlaid, Shuttles, Smelling Bottles in Cases; Ladies Ivory Wax Taper Cases; Gold and Pinchbeck Lockets, Quadrille Pools, Pocket Books, Pencil Cases; Middleton's best Black-Lead Pencils, &c. &c.

They flatter themselves their long Experience in every Branch of their Profession, will engage the Attention of the Public; and hope their studious Application to Business, will entitle them to the future Favours of their Friends in particular, and of all others who may think them worthy of their Commands: As they are well satisfied their extensive Connexions in England will always enable them to dispose of their Goods on the most reasonable Terms, they beg Leave humbly to solicit Encouragement.

N. B. The most curious Devices in Hair, neatly executed, Seals, &c. engraved; Motto Rings made with the greatest Expedition; and all Kinds of Plate, Jewels, and Watches, most substantially repaired.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

The following LANDS,

For which the Purchaser may have two or three Years Credit, paying the Interest annually, viz.

A Very valuable Tract at the Euhaws, joining Land of Alexander Wright, Esq; Estate of John Heyward, and Harrison, containing 1295 Acres, Part of which is a Body of as good Rice Swamp as any in that Part of the Country, and near an excellent Landing.

A Tract upon Edisto River, about 15 Miles from Bacon's-Bridge, formerly belonging to —— Jones, containing 1000 Acres, Part of which is good Rice Land, and the rest proper for Indico and Corn: On this Tract is a good Dwelling-house, and other Improvements.

A valuable Lot in Tradd-street, between Mr. Thomas Heyward's, and Mr. Baker's, 60 Feet in Front, and near 200 Feet deep.

JAMES LAURENS.

To be Sold by public Auction,

At the House of Mrs. Mary Cooper, *on the Bay*, Next Door to the COFFEE-HOUSE,

On WEDNESDAY *the* 23*d of* JUNE,

At Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon,

Several valuable SLAVES,

Among whom are,

A Good Washer and Ironer, with her Child two Years old; a young Mulatto Wench, who is a good Seamstress, and a complete House Maid; another young Wench, very handy in a House; fond and careful of Children, would make an excellent Wet-Nurse, having a Child about two Months old; two young Fellows used to wait in the House; one of whom can shave, dress Hair, and understands a little of Cookery.

All the HOUSHOLD-FURNITURE, consisting of a Variety of useful Articles.

A CHAISE and a very good HORSE.

A HOUSE and LOT in *Broad-street*, opposite to Mrs. *Heyland's*, now in the Possession of *Meyer Moses*. The House contains six Rooms, with Fire Places in each, a Piazza backwards, a Kitchen, Store Room, Stable, large Wood-house, &c.—The Yard is paved, and the House had very lately a thorough Repair.—The Situation is pleasant, and very convenient for Trade with the Back Country.—The Lot contains Twenty Feet in Front, and One Hundred and six Feet in Depth, besides the Use of an Alley at the Bottom of the Lot where the Gate is placed, so that the House extends the whole Breadth of the Lot.

The Conditions of the above Sales are, all Purchases under *One Hundred Pounds* to be paid for immediately in Cash; and for all above, Credit will be given, if desired, for two or three Years, on approved Security, and paying the Interest punctually every Year;—The Property not to be altered 'till the Conditions are complied with.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

N. B. The House and Slaves will be put up exactly at *Twelve* o'Clock.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY,

March 18*th*, 1774.

RESOLVED,

THAT this House will make no Provision to pay the Expence of Victualling, Cloathing, or for Presents given to, any Indians whatsoever who may hereafter come into this Colony, unless especially sent for by the Governor or Commander in Chief, on Affairs immediately relative to the Colony.

ORDERED, That the Clerk do give public Notice in the Gazettes of the said Resolution.

By Order of the House,

THOMAS FARR, jun. *Clerk*.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY,

March 23*d*, 1774.

RESOLVED,

THAT this House will for the future, upon the Certificate on Oath of the Majority of the Justices and Freeholders who try Slaves, of the Condemnation and Execution of any Slave and Slaves for Felony, Murder, or any other Crime to be hereafter committed, and of the Value of such Slave or Slaves, PROVIDE such Sum or Sums, as a Compensation to the Owner or Owners of such Slave or Slaves, as shall appear to this House reasonable, additional to the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds provided by Law.

ORDERED, That the Clerk of this House do give public Notice of the said Resolution: and also, it is expected, that all Magistrates and other Persons who shall be concerned in the Valuation of any Slave or Slaves so condemned and executed, do have particular Regard to the Nature of the Offence which such Slave or Slaves are convicted of, and how much the Value of the said Slave or Slaves are lessened thereby.

By Order of the House,

THOMAS FARR, jun. *Clerk*.

Surveyor-General's Office, April 25*th*, 1774.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Persons who obtained Warrants or Plats for Land in this Province, before the 30th Day of May, 1771, and which were not out of Date at that Time, that the several Parties may carry the same into immediate Execution, and obtain Grants; and such Persons whose Plats or Warrants were out of Date at that Time, may obtain Certificates from the Surveyor-General's Office to apply by Petition to the Governor in Council, in order to have the same certified, or renewed to them, provided the several Parties apply within *Three* Months from the 19th Instant.

JOHN BREMAR,

Deputy Surveyor-General.

BARNARD BEEKMAN,

INTENDING to depart the Province by the 10th of *July* next, earnestly intreats all those who are indebted to him to make Payment before that Day.

In the mean Time he will sell the

LANDS & STORES,

On the WHARF, situate on a Street that leads down East from *Elliott-Street*.

The STORES are 50 by 24 Feet, built of Brick and the best Materials; they are very secure, and have dry Cellars throughout, seven Feet high, with a commodious Loft over the whole.

N. B. If the said Stores remain unsold until *Tuesday* the 5th of *July* next, they will then be sold at Twelve o'Clock of the said Day, by public Outcry, at the *Vendue-House* in *Charles-Town*.

JONATHAN SARRAZIN,

JEWELLER,

Has just imported in the CAROLINA, *Capt.* BERNARD, *from* LONDON,

AS elegant an EPERGNE as any ever imported into the Province, or perhaps late America, and a Number of other Articles of Plate and Jewellery; which, together with what he imported by Capt. Ball, makes the completest Assortment in the Province, and will be sold at his usual low Price, and allow 10 per Cent. Discount for Cash.

To be LET,

For One, Two, or Three YEARS,

And may be entered upon immediately,

A Plantation in St. *Andrew's* Parish, near *Wappoo*, upon a good Landing, within an Hour's row of *Charles-Town*, containing upwards of Four Hundred Acres of Land; a considerable Quantity is already cleared, and fit for Planting, on which is a tolerable House, with a good Barn, Dairy House, and other Out Houses. For further Particulars apply in *Charles-Town*, to JOHN EDWARDS.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common Pleas*, begun and holden at CHARLES-TOWN, on *Tuesday* the 20th Day of *May*, 1774,

JOHN DUTARQUE,	WILLIAM PINCKNEY,
MICH. MUCKENFUSS,	and
JOHN MILES, jun.	WILLIAM SANDERS,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as JURORS, at the said Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Attendance:

Notice is hereby given,

That they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before the First *Tuesday* in JULY next.

James Trail, C. C. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of *General Sessions* of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal-Delivery, begun and holden at CHARLES-TOWN, on *Tuesday* the 17th Day of *May*, 1774,

ELIAS WIGFALL,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as a GRAND-JUROR: And,

VALENTINE LYNE,	DAN. RAVENELL, sen.
SAMPSON NEYLE,	HUGH CHAPMAN,
LEVI DURAND,	MARTIN CAMPBELL,

As PETIT-JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation-Money, of *America*; and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, like Money, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non Attendance, on or before the third *Monday* in *October* next.

James Johnston, C. C. & P.

CROWN-OFFICE, *May* 20th, 1774.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
CHERAWS-DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *General Sessions* of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal-Delivery, for the District aforesaid, begun and holden at CHERAWS, on *Friday* the 15th Day of *April*, 1774,

JAMES KELLY,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as a GRAND-JUROR: And,

WILLIAM EDWARDS,

As a PETIT-JUROR, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS like money, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Crown-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the Third *Monday* in *October* next.

Calvin Spencer, D. C. C. & P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
GEORGE-TOWN DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *General Sessions* of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize, and General Goal-Delivery, for the District aforesaid, begun and holden at GEORGE-TOWN on *Tuesday* the 26th Day of *April*, 1774,

WILLIAM ALLSTON,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as a GRAND-JUROR: And,

CHARLES CHADWICK,	JOHN JAUDON,
WILLIAM LINSAY,	WILLIAM DAVIS,
JAMES HELIN,	PAUL LEPEAR,
ADAM MCDANIEL,	ANDREW GREEN,

As PETIT-JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS like Money, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Crown Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the Third *Monday* in *October* next.

James Cassels, D. C. C. & P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
NINETY-SIX DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common Pleas*, begun and holden at NINETY-SIX, on *Friday* the 15th Day of *April*, 1774,

ANDREW EAGER,	JOSEPH HUTCHINSON,
JOHN GUERY,	PHILIP SHIPES,
JAMES REED,	JOHN ARMSTRONG,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as JURORS at the said Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation-Money of America each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuse, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Pleas-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the 30th Day of *November* next.

James Pritchard, C. C. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
BEAUFORT DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *General Sessions* of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal-Delivery, for the District aforesaid, begun and holden at BEAUFORT, on *Saturday* the 30th Day of *April*, 1774,

WILLIAM STERLING,	JOHN EVANS,
CHARLES PALMER,	and
BARTLET BROWN,	WILLIAM HARVEY,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as GRAND-JURORS: And,

NATH. BARNWELL, sen.	JOSEPH DOPSON,
STEPHEN SWAN,	WIL. STOUTENBURGH,
JOHN ROBERT,	ANDREW SAYER,
WILLIAM CATTEROR,	BENJ. GIGNILLAT,
JACOB GORMAR,	JASPER FRY,

As PETIT-JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS like Money, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Crown-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the Third *Monday* in *October* next.

Edward Davies, D. C. C. & P.

To be Sold at public Vendue,

On Thursday *the 7th of* JULY *next*,

At the usual Place in Charles-Town,

A Valuable PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, containing 900 Acres, situate on the South-Side of *Edisto-River*, bounding to the Northward on vacant Land; Eastward on Land late of Mr. *Jackson*; Southward on vacant Land; and Westward on Land of *John Swint*: The above Tract is about five or six Miles from the *Edisto Saw-Mills*, and good Part of the Tract very valuable Land.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 500 Acres, situate in *Craven* County, on the Waters of *Fishing-Creek*; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in *Craven* County, on the South-West Side of *Great-Pedee* River, and on the *Back-Swamp*, containing 500 Acres; bounded North-West by *Crafton Carwen*'s Land; North-East, and South-East by *Edward Jerman*'s Land; and on all other Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 500 Acres, situate on the South-West Side of the *Catawba-River*, in *Craven* County; through which, two Branches called *Doctor Cantuzn's Auill-Branch*, and *Coop's-Branch*, runs; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

Also, One other very valuable Tract of Land, containing 250 Acres, situate in St. *Matthew*'s Parish, on a Branch of the *Four-Holes*; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

Each of the above Tracts contain a considerable Quantity of good Planting Land; the Plats thereof, may be seen in my Hands, or at THOMAS GRIMBALL, Esq'r's.

Credit will be given till *January* 1st, 1775, the Purchasers giving good Security and paying Interest, from the Day of Sale.——The above Lands were late the Property of Dr. *John Swint*, and sold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY.
Late Provost-Marshal.

To be SOLD, *a* BARGAIN,

A TRACT of LAND,

Containing 300 Acres, chiefly Oak and Hickory, very good for Indico, Corn, and Hemp, and would suit any Person to settle a Public House on, as the main Road leads through the Tract: it is situated on the Branches of *Beaver Dam Creek*, a Branch of *Turkey-Creek*, in *Granville* County; bounded N. W. on Land of *Hezekiah Williams*; N. by Land held by *Robert Melville*; S. W. on Land of *William Goode*; and all other Sides on vacant Land. Apply in *Charles-Town*, to

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

To be Sold by private Contract,

THAT valuable Lot of Land, with the Buildings thereon, situated on the South Side of *Tradd-street*, CHARLES-TOWN, belonging to the Estate of LUKE STOUTENBURGH, Esq; deceased, containing in Front on the said Street Ninety-one Feet five Inches, exclusive of the Alley to the Eastward, and in Depth one Hundred and five Feet six Inches.

The Purchaser may have twelve Months Credit, paying Interest and giving Security. For further Particulars apply to ROBERT WELLS, or

WILLIAM STOUTENBURGH, *Administrator.*

To be Sold by private Contract,

A Large and airy LOT of LAND, being Part of that Tract formerly called *Lynch's-Pasture*: The Situation of it is equal, if not superior to any that has yet been sold, being advantageously placed on the Corners of two wide Streets, containing 140 Feet Front on the West-Side of *Meeting-street*, and 200 Feet on *Hasell-street*, (which is 45 Feet wide) fronting the South: The North-Line of said Lot runs 225 Feet in Depth, which squaring the Land, renders it much more valuable. The Purchaser may have a Bargain, and the Terms of Payment made agreeable to him. Apply to

JAMES CLITHERALL.

THOMAS HARPER,

JEWELLER & GOLDSMITH,

At his Shop in Broad-Street, *near the* EXCHANGE,

Has just received, by the Beaufain, *Captain* Purches, *from* LONDON,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT OF

JEWELLERY, &c.

Consisting of the following Articles, viz.

SILVER Tankards, Coffee Pots, Milk Pots, Table and Tea Spoons, Sugar Tongs, Pap Boats, Scissars Chains, plain and pierced Silver Salts, Pepper Boxes;—a very complete Assortment of Stone Silver Shoe, Knee, and Stock-Buckles, gilt headed Canes, with and without Swords; also Bullet headed Ditto, very neat Silver mounted Cutteaux-de-Chasse, with Chains and Guards; also, Silver-mounted Small-Swords, with Silk Buff and Morocco Swivel-Belts; spare Cutteaux Blades, all Sorts of spare Scabbards; best London-made Razors, Penknives, and Lancets, separate and in Cases; Quadrille Pools, Fish and Counters, Paper Bottle-Stands, Pinchbeck Shoe, Knee, and Stock-Buckles, Silver and gilt Corralls and Bells, Paste Ear-Rings and Necklaces, with Bows and Falls; Ditto Combs and Pins, also Mourning Ditto; Gold, Silver, and Gilt Lockets, with Garnets; plain Spurs, plated Ditto, with Chains; Lad es Steel Watch-Chains, Men's Ditto, and Silver Ditto; plated Stirrups, some of which of the newest Fashion, with Joints; Table and Desert green and Ivory-handle Knives and Forks, with or without Cases; Gold and Silver-spangled Bands, Buttons, and Loops; Cruet-Frames, with Silver Tops; japanned Bread-Baskets; Silver-mounted Pistols, Temple-Spectacles, with Cases; Gold and Silver Sleeve-Buttons, gilt Ditto, Brass Dog-Collars,—with many other Articles lately imported, too tedious to enumerate, will be sold on the *lowest Terms*, for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.

N. B. The utmost Value will be given for old Gold and Silver.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

On FRIDAY *the 24th of* June *next*,

At TEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

At the House of Mr. CHARLES OGIER, *in* Church-Street, *near the* Play-House,

ALL his Household Furniture, Saddle and Carriage Horses; a *Windsor* Riding Chair; a Pipe of fine old Sherry, and some Dozen Bottles of choice Port Wine imported for his own Use; a large Consignment of *China* Silks, consisting of Sattins richly embroidered, with coloured Silks, Sattins, Lutestrings and Gauzes, most elegantly painted, and plain Sattins and Lutestrings, black, white and coloured, all which must be sold by Order of the Proprietor, one Piece in each Lot. Credit will be given if required, to the *First* of *January* next, paying Interest, and giving Security, for all Sums amounting to *One Hundred Pounds*, and all under, to be paid for in CASH.

To be LET,

And may be entered upon the 10th Instant,

The STORE in *Tradd-street*,

Between Samuel Prioleau's Esq'r's Dwelling House, and Messrs. Hawkins, Petrie, & Co's Store, now occupied by Mr. Edward Lightwood. Enquire of

WILLIAM BANBURY.

DAVID WILSON,

TAYLOR and HABIT-MAKER,

Next Door to Mr. Gowdey, *Silver-Smith, in* Broad-street,

HUMBLY solicits the Commands of the Ladies and Gentlemen of this Town; and begs Leave to assure them, that every Order committed to his Charge, shall be executed in the newest Taste, and with the greatest Nicety; he flatters himself, his Workmanship will convince his Employers, that he is at least equal to the best of his Profession in this Province, having been many Years Master, both in *London* and *Paris*.

Ladies Habits of every Kind elegantly made on the shortest Notice, and the Work done punctually to the Time promised; and every Favour will be gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. Wanted, two JOURNEYMEN TAYLORS, capable of their Business.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber, the 2d Instant, an Negro Man named JOE, a Carpenter by Trade, Country born, well known about Town, a very black Fellow, well made, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, artful and sensible, and carried with him his Wife, named FLORA, Country born, and speaks very proper, brought up about House Work, and is very remarkable, having when a Child burnt these or four of her Toes almost off, on her left Foot: They are supposed to be gone to the *Southward*; THIRTY POUNDS Reward will be given for JOE, and TWENTY for FLORA, delivered at the *Work-House*.

RUN AWAY also, about a Year ago, a Mustee Fellow, named SAM, a Bricklayer, well-known in Town, and is supposed to be harboured about *Ashley-Ferry*, having a Wife at Doctor *Hosmer*'s, where he has been several Times seen, and at Mr. *William Scott*'s, by the Ferry, who owns his Father: FIFTY POUNDS Reward to any Person that will deliver him in the *Work-House*, to be paid by

WILLIAM HARVEY.

June 6, 1774.

ACADEMY.

Macaulay and Gordon,

AT THEIR

ACADEMY,

CONTINUE to teach English, Writing, Arithmetic, Greek, Latin, French, and several of the higher Branches of Education taught in Colleges at Home.

To be SOLD,

By the Hogshead or Quarter Cask,

BEST Jamaica and Leeward Island RUM, exceeding fine Muscovado Sugar, by the Hundred Weight, and COFFEE of an extraordinary Quality, by ROBERT MUNCREEF.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

SIR EGERTON LEIGH, gives Notice agreeable to the Attachment Act, "that he is about "to depart the Province, and is ready to answer any "Suit that shall be brought against him, and in the mean "Time shall be always ready to appear and give Bail "(if demandable) to any Summons that shall be issued "against him."

Charles-Town, June 6, 1774.

CHARLES-TOWN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

JUNE 2d, 1774.

RESOLVED,

THAT in order to prevent in future the Loss which may arise to Purchasers of Liquors from the present Method of gauging by Rod in this Town, no Member of this Chamber will, after the first Day of July next, buy or sell any Wine, Rum, Melasses, or other Liquors, usually sold by gauge, unless they are gauged by the Method called GUNTER's, and that public Notice of this Resolution be given in the several GAZETTES. *By Order of the President,*

JOHN HOPTON, *Secretary.*

ALL Persons indebted to *George Cowen*, House-Carpenter, of *Charles-Town*, are desired to make Payment to the Subscriber; and those to whom said *George Cowen* is indebted, are desired to deliver in their Accounts on Oath, by the 15th Day of *October* next, as a Dividend will then be made of what Monies may be received, by

EDWARD BLAKE, *Assignee.*

The SUBSCRIBER,

HAVING been long conversant in Business of various Kinds, and having been frequently employed in public Writings of the greatest Importance, he flatters himself that his Facility and Expedition, as well as his Accuracy in adjusting Accounts, are sufficiently known: And as he shall leave his Employment at the Custom-House in a short Time, he has been advised, by several Gentlemen of considerable Property and Influence, to engage in the following Plan:

To undertake and perform all Manner of Writings; and settle Accounts however intricate, whether relative to the *Merchant*, *Planter*, or *Mechanic*, with as much Clearness and Dispatch, as any Person in the Province.

He will also negociate all Kinds of Contracts, such as the purchasing or disposing of *Lands*, *Tenements*, or *Negroes*, the borrowing or lending of *Money*, &c. upon the most equitable and reasonable Terms, to Buyer or Seller, Borrower or Lender; and will engage to do any Kind of Business that shall be intrusted to his Care, with the strictest Integrity, and the utmost Secrecy. And therefore solicits the Encouragement of his Friends and the Public, at his House in *Queen-street*, opposite to Mr. ARTHUR PERONNEAU.

PETER BOUNETHEAU.

George-Abott Hall, & Co.

Have just imported in Ship Governor Wright,

VIDONIA WINE of the same Quality as their last Importation.

They have also on Hand, a few Pipes of LONDON PARTICULAR and NEW-YORK MADERA WINE, TO BE SOLD.

WANTED,

A Person capable of making and burning BRICKS and otherways qualified to manage a Brick-Yard. Apply to the Printer.

I AM informed by JOHN WOODS, of a Bay HORSE, about 7 Years old, and 13¼ Hands high, a small Star in his Face, his fore Feet white, branded on the near Shoulder 27) and on the near Buttock B P.

I am informed by JAMES LONG, of a Bay MARE, four Years old, has a Star in her Face, and trots, branded on the nigh Buttock I C.

I am informed by MATTHEW LONG of a Bay STALION, about 7 Years old, 13¼ Hands high, trots, branded on the near Shoulder OR, on the near Buttock A, has many saddle Spots, cut on the two fore Legs with hobling, and appears to have been a pack Horse.

I am also informed by DAVID HENDERSON, of a white or cream coloured MARE, about 13 Hands high, trots, blind of one Eye, and branded on the off Shoulder IG, posted before me.

WILLIAM CALHOUN, J. P.

February 14th, 1774.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
ORANGEBURGH DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *General Sessions* of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal Delivery, for the District aforesaid, begun and holden at ORANGEBURGH, on *Tuesday* the 5th Day of *April*, 1774,

JARED NEILSON, WILLIAM FLUDD, GEORGE HALES, | JAMES BALDRIDGE, MORGAN SABB, WILLIAM ARTHER,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as GRAND-JURORS: And,

GEORGE SPINIE, GEORGE KING, | and STOFFEL SLAGEL,

As PETIT-JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS like Money, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Crown-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the Third *Monday* in *October* next,

James Mitchell, D. C. C. & P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
NINETY-SIX DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *General Sessions* of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize and General Goal-Delivery, for the District aforesaid, begun and holden at NINETY-SIX, on *Friday* the 15th Day of *April*, 1774,

MARK LOTT, | JOHN CAMERON,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as GRAND-JURORS: And,

GEORGE JOHNSON, ARTHUR GRAY, BENJAMIN FORD, | JOHN HUTCHINS, and GEORGE RAY,

As PETIT-JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS like Money, each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Crown-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the Third *Monday* in *October* next.

John Caldwell, D. C. C. & P.

WHEREAS on *Saturday* the 14th of *May* Instant, about Noon, as a Negro Driver belonging to me, was conveying a Negro Fellow to my Plantation in *St. John's Parish*, that had been run away, he was accosted by four white Men, about two Miles this Side *Goose-Creek Bridge*, who desired him to sell them the Horse he rode; but on his refusing, they came up to him, whipped the Negro he was leading, and beat him the said Driver in a cruel Manner, giving him a dangerous Wound on the Temple, by which he was knocked down and lay senseless a considerable Time; on his coming to himself, the Negro, Horse, Saddle, Bridle, together with a Bundle thereto tied, were gone, his Pockets rifled of every Thing he had, and a Letter directed to Mr. *Benjamin Gignilliat, St. John's*, taken away; and as it is very presumeable they the said white Men, have stolen and carried away the said Negro, Horse, &c. as neither of them have been heard of since: And in Order, if possible, to bring to Justice such a Set of Banditti, I will give *One Hundred Pounds Currency*, to any Person or Persons, who may be able to apprehend and convict any one or more of the said Robbers; and a further Reward of *Ten Pounds* like Money, on the Delivery of the Negro, either to me, or the Warden of the Work-House, in *Charles-Town*, or to Mr. *Benjamin Gignilliat*, on my Plantation in *St. John's*, seven Miles from *Monck's-Corner*; and *Five Pounds* for the Delivery of the Horse at my said Plantation, or to me in *Charles-Town*.

The Negro's Name is JOE, a likely Fellow, of a yellowish Complexion, 32 or 33 Years of Age, about five Feet eight Inches high, speaks tolerable good English, his Ancles turning in a little; and had on when with my Driver, a Negro Cloth Jacket, Canvass Trowsers, and a Woollen Cap.

The HORSE is black, about 14 Hands high, aged; a hard Trotter, and branded on the near Buttock with a P, on the near Shoulder W H, and on the off Shoulder IL. ROGER PINCKNEY.

Charles-May 27, 1774.

The following Strays have been toll'd before me.

BY MORTON WITKINSON, a bright Bay GELDING, about 12¼ Hands high, 5 Years old, branded on the off Shoulder with an obscure Brand.

ANDREW SLANN, a black and white pied STEER, about 8 Years old, both Ears cropt, no visible Brand.

JAMES BOZEMAN, a bright Bay GELDING, about 13 Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder DG, and on the off Shoulder K, 8 Years old.——The Owners may prove their Property before

WILLIAM SWINTON.

To be Sold by private Contract,

THE Subscriber's House and Lot, wherein he now lives, in *Tradd-street*, directly opposite to *Thomas Fuller*, Esq; likewise another very valuable Lot in *Archdale-street*, 50 Feet front, and 189 Feet deep, with two convenient Tenements, which rent for 350*l.* per Annum. The Condition of the Sale is Twelve Months Credit, paying Interest, with approved Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to become a Purchaser, may treat with

ANTHONY TOOMER.

Good Madera WINE,

At £.7 10*s.* per Dozen,

To be SOLD,

By FRANCES SWALLOW.

THE Subscriber being under a Necessity of selling his LOT, will dispose of the same very reasonably, either the whole Front of 100 Feet, together with the Depth of 242 Feet, or divided in any Number of Feet front; he will also dispose of a compleat Seamstress with her young Child; a handy Girl about 12 Years old, a very good Seamstress, and darns well; a young Country born Girl about 10 Years old; also, a young Fellow who served four Years at the Bricklayer's Business, he is also a good Field Slave; a young stout Fellow used as a Porter for many Years, who is a good Field Slave; and a Negro Man used as a Porter and Sailor, who is as stout a Fellow as any in the Province.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

Who desires all Persons indebted to him, to discharge their Bonds, Notes and Accounts immediately; otherwise, he is under the disagreeable Necessity of suing for the same.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, in *June* last, and is imagined to be about the *Salt-eatchees*, A NEGRO MAN, named ADAM, of the *Guiney* Country: He is a black Fellow, about five Feet four or five Inches high. Whoever will deliver the said Fellow to Mr. CHARLES CLIFFORD, on the *Horse-Shoe*, or to the Warden of the Work-House in *Charles-Town*, shall have THIRTY POUNDS Reward, and all reasonable Charges; and, if any Person will give Information of his being harboured by a white Person, shall have ONE HUNDRED POUNDS on Conviction of the Offender; and if by a Negro TEN POUNDS.

JOHN POSTELL, jun.

STRAYED from the Stables of Mr. *John Croft*, about two Months ago, a small Bay HORSE, with a Star in his Forehead, about 12 or 13 Hands high, four Years old; has several Saddle Spots on his Back, branded on the off Buttock, nearly thus, (J. 3) black Feetlocks and Mane, a greyish Tail; supposed to be at some Place between this and the Ten-Mile House. Any Person who has found the said Horse, and will deliver him to me at *Wragg's-Wharf*, shall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward.

LAUGHLIN MARTIN.

Who has for SALE,

At the Corner of UNION-STREET-CONTINUED,

A few neat Silk Umbrelloes, and

some Table Linen of different Sorts; he also takes in BOARDERS by the Week, Month or Year, on very reasonable Terms.

The SUBSCRIBER,

HATH moved his Family into the Old Free School House, could dispence with four or five Pupils more, especially such as are docile, and Master of the first four Rules of Arithmetic, and understand something of the English Grammar; the Practice of the Compting-House in various Parts of the Globe, the Use of the Globes, and every Branch of the Mathematicks, taught by JOHN TUKE.

Who is provided with every necessary Apparatus, &c. for the different Sciences.

Charles-Town, February 12th, 1774.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice to all Persons concerned, that he will not be accountable for any Sum or Sums of Money paid to any of his Deputies, either on Executions or otherwise, except Fees due on the personal Service of Writs, from and after the Date hereof.

THOMAS GRIMBALL, jun. *Sheriff.*

To be SOLD,

On Thursday *the* 30*th of* June *Instant,*

At the usual Place in Charles-Town,

A Certain LOT or Parcel of LAND,

situate on the South-West Side of the Broad Road leading from *Charles-Town*, and is known and distinguished in the general Plan of the Lands now or late of the Hon. *Rawlins Lowndes*, by the No. 4, containing in Front 75 Feet, and in Depth 200 Feet; on which is a new Two Story House of two Tenements; late the Property of *Gilbert Harrison*, and sold under Execution, by

THOMAS GRIMBALL, jun. *Sheriff.*

THE Bonds, Notes and Books of Accounts belonging to the Estate of EDWARD MORTIMER, late of Monk's-Corner deceased, are lodged in my Hands by the Administratrix, with full Power to receive and give Discharges on all Monies due thereon, and as there are many Persons who have neglected to pay their Accounts, and the Interest on their Bonds and Notes, these are therefore to inform them, that unless they are paid on or before the first Day of JULY next, they will be positively sued. PETER BOUNETHEAU.

June 1st, 1774.

SALEM, BLACK-RIVER, *May 25, 1774.*

ELIAS DUBOSE, tolls before me a sorrel GELDING, with a light Mane and Tail, a large Star in his Forehead, about 13¼ Hands high, supposed to be 10 or 12 Years old, branded on the near Thigh thus, 4F.

HENRY CASSELS.

The SUBSCRIBER,

Intending to decline the Planting Buſineſs,

Will diſpoſe of his valuable Plantations in St. Thomas's Pariſh, with ſundry other Tracts of Land, viz.

THE well known Plantation whereon he now lives, called the Old-Hall, containing 716 Acres of Land old Meaſure, of which about 400 Acres is fine Swamp, fit for planting Rice, &c. and about 6000 Cords of Firewood may be cut within one Mile of a Landing. On the Premiſes are a good Two ſtory Dwelling-Houſe, Negro Houſes, Barns, &c.

Alſo, His Hampton Plantation, containing 765½ Acres, old Meaſure, 250 Acres of which is choice Rice Land, all under proper Dams and Canals, and may be laid under Water at any Time; part of the Reſt is good Corn Land, and the Pine Land well timbered with fine yellow Pine. There are on ſaid Plantation a good Dwelling-houſe, new Barn, Machine, Overſeer's and Negro Houſes, &c. &c. all within two or three Miles of a Landing on Wando River.

Likewiſe, His Beach Hill Plantation, about one Mile from Mr. Fogartie's Ferry, containing 366 Acres, old Meaſure, 100 Acres thereof good Rice Land, and with little Labour may be laid under Water at any Time, having a large Stream which runs through the Middle. There is on ſaid Plantation, a good Dutch-roofed Houſe, containing a large Hall and five Chambers, well plaiſtered.

A Tract of Land in Prince George, Winyaw, called Oak-Ridge, about five Miles from the Trumpet Landing on Santee River, fit for the Culture of Corn or Indico, containing 640 Acres.

A Tract in St. Bartholomew's, Four-Holes, formerly Parriman's containing 700 Acres. This is ſaid to be a valuable Tract.

A Tract in St. Mark's Pariſh, on the Head Branches of Iſland Creek, on the Water of Pacolet, containing 500 Acres, all high Indico Land.

A Tract in St. Mark's Pariſh, on the Head Branches of Sawney's Creek, containing 400 Acres, all high Land.

A Tract in St. Mark's, on Mair's Branch, a Branch of the Wateree Creek, containing 300 Acres, all high Land.

The Three laſt mentioned Tracts are high Champain Land, fit for planting Corn or Indico.

If the two firſt mentioned Plantations are ſold before Planting Time, he will ſell his SCOONER five Years old, Burthen 95 Barrels, well found; alſo between Fifty and Sixty FIELD SLAVES, moſtly Country born, conſiſting of Sawyers, Boatmen, Carters, and handy Fellows about Johns; likewiſe all his Stock and Planting Tools, &c. at both Plantations.

A ſmall Part of the Purchaſe-Money will be wanted; about five Years Credit will be given for the Remainder, on approved Security, and paying the Intereſt annually.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe Part of, or the Whole advertiſed, may treat with Mr. BRIAN CAPE, or Mr. WILLIAM GLEN, jun. Merchants in *Charles-Town*, or in St. *Thomas's* Pariſh, with

STEPHEN MILLER.

JAMES COOK,

RETURNS his ſincere Thanks to the PUBLIC, for the great Encouragement he received in the Sale of his MAP of this Province. He has lately received a freſh Supply, both of coloured and uncoloured; and in order to promote a ſpeedy Sale, he will diſpoſe of the former at 4*l.* and the latter at 3*l.* each. They may be had of Mr. GEORGE COOKE, merchant in *Charles-Town*.

I Once more earneſtly requeſt all thoſe who have not yet made known their Demands againſt the Eſtate of THOMAS BAKER, deceaſed, That they will deliver them in without Delay, and all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid Deceaſed, are deſired to make Payment by the firſt Day of *May* next, as I am determined to put every Debt in Suit that is not diſcharged by that Day.

RICHARD WALTER, *Executor*.

To be SOLD,

A NEGRO MAN,

Who is uſeful and handy about any Kind of Work. For further Particulars, enquire at PETER TIMOTHY's, the Upper-End of *Broad Street*.

☞ Some Tambour Work Muſlin Aprons, Handkerchiefs and Ruffles, ſome handſome Pieces of flowered Muſlin for Ladies Gowns, and a very handſome Satin Tobine, to be SOLD for CASH, at *Nine for One*.

The TAVERN in *Broad-ſtreet*,

Is continued as USUAL,

By FRANCES SWALLOW,

Who returns her moſt hearty Thanks to her FRIENDS, for the Favours ſhe has received.

John-Gabriel Guignard,

At his Store in BROAD-STREET,

Has juſt received, by the BEAUFAIN, *Capt.* PURCHES,

An Aſſortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the Summer;

Which he will diſpoſe of at a *moderate Advance*, eſpecially for READY MONEY.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, APRIL 19, 1774.

WHEREAS His Majeſty, by His Royal Inſtruction, dated at ST. JAMES's, the 3d Day of February, 1774, has thought proper to eſtabliſh new Orders and Regulations for the future Diſpoſal of his Lands in this Province, excepting to ſuch reduced Officers and Soldiers as Lands are directed to be granted to by his Royal Proclamation dated October 7th, 1773, but has, nevertheleſs, been moſt graciouſly pleaſed to ſignify, That it is not his Intention that thoſe Perſons who have hitherto obtained Orders in Council, or Warrants of Survey, for Lands in America, ſhould be precluded, by the ſaid Inſtruction, from carrying thoſe Orders and Warrants into Execution, conformable to the Directions contained therein, or, that any Claim to a Grant for Lands, founded on any antecedent Step that can, in Equity, give a Title to ſuch Grant, ſhould be thereby precluded:

I DO HEREBY GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE THEREOF to all Perſons concerned, and the ſeveral Officers in this Province are hereby directed to carry the ſaid Warrants and Orders into Execution, that Grants may be paſſed for the ſame: But,

That the new Regulations, directed by the ſaid Inſtruction, may not be impeded, ALL PERSONS are hereby required to carry the ſaid Grants through the ſeveral Offices within Three Months from the Date hereof,

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,

JAMES SIMPSON, C. C.

PUBLIC TREASURY, *March 4th*, 1774.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THE *Public Treaſurers* would gladly give the *Public* ſuch a Deſcription of the *Counterfeit Bills* now paſſing in this Province, as might effectually guard every Perſon from being impoſed upon: But there are ſuch a Variety of them (every Emiſſion ſince the Year 1748 being counterfeited, except the Tax Certificates for the Indian Trade) that it is impoſſible. The only two diſtinguiſhing Marks that run through the moſt of them are theſe, viz. *The Figures in the numbering are very bad, and the Names of the Signers are impreſſed by the Plate, inſtead of being wrote with a Pen.*

Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

Sundry Silver plated Articles, *viz.*

A Tea Urn, Waiters of different Sizes, Bread Baſkets, Candleſticks, &c. which are of the neweſt Faſhion, and will be ſold very cheap; any Perſon taking the Whole, ſhall have them a Bargain.—They have alſo a Quantity of Silks of different Colours for Men's Summer Wear.

ALL thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Mr. ALEXANDER PERRONEAU, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend them in properly atteſted, that they may be paid; and thoſe Perſons who are in Arrears for Intereſt to the Eſtate, are hereby deſired to diſcharge the ſame immediately, otherwiſe their Bonds will be put in Suit.

JOHN EDWARDS, *Executor*.

Wants Employ, as a NURSE,

A WOMAN who can be well recommended for her Care and Attention to the Sick. Enquire at TIMOTHY's *Printing-Office* on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange*.

Woodbery & Lord,

ACQUAINT their Friends, that they have juſt received by the *Union*, Capt. COOMBES, from *London*, a large and compleat Aſſortment of

GOODS,

Suitable for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their Store on the Bay.

ANDREW LORD,

INTENDING to depart the Province in about Six Weeks, gives Notice, that he is ready to appear, anſwer or file Bail to any Suit, Summons or Proceſs that may be iſſued or brought againſt him, in Terms of the Attachment Act.

N. B. Very ſufficient Notice has been given thoſe who are indebted to him, to make Payment before his Departure; he has only therefore to add, that he is determined to put the Bonds, Notes, &c. belonging to himſelf, into the Hands of a Lawyer, to be recovered, during his Abſence. *April* 20, 1774.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

MARY COOPER, gives Notice, agreeable to the Act of the General Aſſembly, uſually called the Attachment Act, "That ſhe is about to "depart the Province, and is ready to anſwer any Suit "that may be brought againſt her; and in the mean "Time ſhall be always ready to appear and give Bail to "any Summons that ſhall be iſſued againſt her."

She deſires that all Accounts againſt her may be brought in immediately, in order to their being adjuſted and paid by herſelf, as no Accounts will be received by her Attornies.

And ſhe informs all Perſons indebted to her, that every Bond and Note not ſettled to her Satisfaction, will be left in the Hands of an Attorney at Law to be ſued for immediately. *May* 23, 1774.

Will be Sold by public Vendue,

On Tueſday *the* 28*th Day of* June *Inſt.*

At TEN o'clock in the Forenoon,

At the Houſe of Sir EGERTON LEIGH,

All his valuable Furniture,

Books, Plate, Pictures, China and other Effects.—The Furniture conſiſts of elegant white and Gold Cabriole Sophas and Chairs, covered with blue and white Silk, Window Curtains to match; one other Set of Sophas and Chairs, covered with black and yellow Figures of Nuns Work in Silk, inlaid Commodes, Card Tables, ſeveral Suits of handſome Chintz Cotton Window Curtains lined and ornamented with Silk Fringe and Taſſels, a complete Set of Chintz Cotton Bed Curtains, a curious and ſuperb India Cabinet, a Roſe Wood Deſk and Book-Caſe with Chineſe Paintings on Glaſs very maſterly executed, Carpets, Beds, Bedſteads, Toutenag Grates, &c.

A L S O,

An elegant large Six-ſtop ORGAN, with Ten Barrels, containing near Four Score of the moſt approved Tunes, conſiſting of Airs, Minuets, Cotillons, Country Dances, Songs, and Marches, beſides four Pieces of Muſick; a fine muſical Clock, by *Ellicott*, mounted in Or Molu, and a moſt elegant and light Couch (which has been uſed only a few Times) conſtructed upon a Plan to ſuit this Climate, with a compleat Set of handſome Town Harneſs belonging to the ſame.

The Paintings are by ſome of the firſt Maſters, viz. *Paul Veroneſe*, *Carladolfci*, *Jordans*, *Ghiſolfi*, *Correggio*, and *Guido*. There are alſo ſeveral excellent Miniature Pictures, particularly one of Queen *Elizabeth*, done in the Year 1574, beſides many other curious and ornamental Pieces.

Credit will be given, if deſired, till June 1775, paying Intereſt, and giving Security for all Sums amounting to Two Hundred Pounds, or upwards, and all Purchaſes under that Sum, to be paid for in Caſh.

N. B. The Negroes will be diſpoſed of at private Sale.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
BEAUFORT-DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common Pleas*, begun and holden at BEAUFORT, on *Saturday* the 30th Day of *April*, 1774.

ROBERT SMART,	GEO. THREADCRAFT.
WILLIAM GODFREY,	PAUL EPIP,
ADRIAN MAYER,	WILLIAM BRISBANE,
JOSEPH AINGER,	and
WILLIAM WELLS,	PHILIP HUZER,

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation-Money of *America*, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and tranſmit the ſame to the Pleas-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the 30th Day of *November* next.

Edward Davies, C. C. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
CAMDEN DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, for the Diſtrict aforeſaid, begun and holden at Camden, on Tueſday the 5th Day of *April*, 1774.

ROBERT CARTER,	JOHN ANDERSON,
EDWARD DICKEY,	and
JAMES CONYERS,	JOHN LEE,

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as GRAND-JURORS; and

WILLIAM SIMPSON,	and
JOHN ANDERSON, jun.	AND. RAMBERT, jun.

As PETIT-JURORS,

Made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

Notice is hereby given,

That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS, Proclamation-Money of *America*, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, like Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and tranſmit the ſame to the *Crown-Office* in CHARLES-TOWN, by the Third Monday in *October* next.

John N. Oglethorpe, C. C. & P.

To be SOLD,

Very Cheap for CASH, *or ſhort* CREDIT,

Several valuable Negro Men,

Amongſt which are, Two complete Waiting Men, and a good Sawyer; the Remainder are ſtout able young Fellows fit for Field Slaves.

Alſo, Weſt-India and Jamaica Rum, Muſcovado Sugar, Madera & Liſbon Wine,

By *Edward & John Blake*.

WINES.

THE Subſcriber has, and will keep up a good Stock of every Kind of WINE, uſually imported into this Province, of the beſt Quality, to be diſpoſed of in Caſks or Bottles, on Terms of Annual Payment, or a proper Abatement for CASH, at the loweſt Prices. EDMUND HEAD.

Alſo, Old *Jamaica* Rum, and other Spirits, and beſt Velvet Corks, for Sale.

N. B. Some Rheniſh WINE, imported per the BEAUFAIN, Capt. PURCHES.